

# Succeed in Cambridge English: Advanced Glossary

## TEST 1

### Reading and Use of English, Part 1, p.50

**shift** *v* if a situation, policy or opinion shifts, it changes or alters slightly

**sustain** *v* if you sustain something, you continue it or keep it going for a period of time

**beverage** *n* any drink, usually other than water; alcoholic or not

**expenditure** *n* the using of something, such as time or energy, for a specific purpose or in order to achieve a specific goal

**opt (for)** *v* to choose; if you opt for something or opt to do something, you choose to do that something in preference to any other options you may have had

**intake** *n* the amount of something you consume (eat, drink, inhale etc.) or take in

**influx** *n* the arrival usually of people or things in a place in large numbers

**emission** *n* the release of something, such as gas or radiation, into the air or the atmosphere

**immersion** *n* the placement of something in a liquid in such a way that it is completely covered by it

**lump** *n* a solid piece of something

### Reading and Use of English, Part 2, p.50

**inhale** *v* if you inhale, you breathe in

**mental** *adj* relating to the process of thinking, namely forming thoughts and ideas

**alertness** *n* full attention to what is happening and the preparedness to deal with anything that may happen

**instinctive** *adj* something, such as a feeling, idea or action, which happens without having invested any prior thought in it

**bloating** *n* the swelling of a body or part of a body, usually due to there being a lot of gas or liquid in it

**dizziness** *n* the sense of losing one's balance and being about to fall

**pins and needles** *phr* if you have pins and needles in a part (or multiple parts) of your body, you feel sharp pains there for a very short period of time; pins and needles usually occur after the body has been in an uncomfortable position for an extended period

### Reading and Use of English, Part 3, p.51

**upper** *adj* something that is above something else

**signify** *v* when an event or a sign or a symbol signifies something, it represents that something

**confounded** *adj* if you are confounded by something, you cannot understand it

**account** *v* when you explain something that has happened, you account for it

**absorb** *v* if something absorbs light, heat or another form of energy, it takes it in

**buoy** *n* a floating object that is used to indicate the safest route to ships and boats and warn them of possible dangers

**erupt** *v* when a volcano erupts it throws out a lot of lava, ash, gas and steam

### Reading and Use of English, Part 4, p.51

**barely** *adv* you use barely to indicate that something is only just true or only just the case

**blast** *n* a big explosion, especially one that has been caused by a bomb or incendiary device

**forceful** *adj* something that is forceful has a very powerful effect on you or leaves a very powerful impression on you, and causes you to think or feel something very strongly

### Reading and Use of English, part 5, p.52, 53

**fraud** *n* the crime of gaining money or some form of financial benefit through trickery or by lying

**rip** *v* (slang) to steal

**rampant** *adj* if something bad like crime or poverty is rampant, it is very common and increasing at an uncontrollable rate

**staggering** *adj* something that is staggering is very hard to believe or very surprising

**raid** *v* if someone raids a place, they enter it by force in order to steal something

**spending spree** *phr* a short period of time in which you go around spending money in an excessive manner

**prerequisite** *n* if one thing is a prerequisite for another, it must happen before the other thing can come about

**essential** *adj* absolutely necessary; very important

**modus operandi** *n* a particular way of doing something, normally the preferred method for the person/organisation concerned

**adore** *v* to like somebody very much

**impersonate** *v* to pretend that you are someone, either to deceive people or for amusement

**pillar** *n* the pillar of a system or agreement or group is the most important part of it or that which makes it strong and successful

**rectitude** *n* the quality or attitude of someone who behaves in an honest and moral manner as measured against accepted social norms of behaviour

**mortgage** *n* a loan which is given to you by a financial institution (a bank) and which is guaranteed against your house and/or land

**audacious** *adj* recklessly bold or daring; fearless

**assume** *v* to pretend to have a different name or to be someone you are not

**fraudster** *n* someone who commits the crime of fraud; fraud being the act of gaining money or financial benefit through trickery or deceit

**warrant** *n* a legal document that gives the holder permission to do something in the eyes of the law; often it is signed by a judge or magistrate and gives the holder permission to seize a person (arrest warrant) or property, or to conduct a search of a person or property

**sympathetically** *adv* in a way that is both kind and understanding

**overnight** *adv* something happens overnight when it happens very quickly (and perhaps unexpectedly, too)

**stunned** *adj* to be extremely shocked or surprised by something and not know how to react

**violated** *adj* if you have been violated, you have been rudely disturbed by someone, or worse, have your rights or privacy somehow abused

**conceal** *v* to cover something or hide it carefully in the hope that no one will find out about it

**gadgets** *n* small machines or devices which do something useful

**hassle** *n* a difficult or unwanted situation that may involve a lot of effort, problems or arguments with people

**mug** *v* to attack and rob someone in a public place

**flee** *v* if you flee from something or someone, you escape from them as quickly as possible

**justify** *v* to justify a decision, activity or idea is to show or

prove that it is reasonable or necessary or required  
**vigilance** *n* careful attention to a particular problem or situation and alertness on noticing any potential danger or trouble that there might be  
**crucial** *adj* if something is crucial, it is extremely important  
**fraudulent** *adj* a fraudulent activity is a deliberately deceitful, dishonest or untrue one

### Reading and Use of English, Part 6, p.54, 55

**retrospective** *n* an exhibition showing the development of an artist's work over a period of time  
**bump into (somebody)** *phr.v* to meet someone you know when you have not planned to meet them  
**agog** *adj* [*pred*] eager; highly excited  
**still life** *n* [*as modifier*] a type of painting or drawing of an arrangement of objects that do not move, such as flowers, fruit, bowls, etc.  
**gulp** *v* to make a noise as you swallow air because you are surprised, excited or afraid  
**pictorial** *adj* relating to painting or pictures  
**powerhouse** *n* a person or thing of great energy, strength or power  
**dominate** *v* to be the largest, most important or most noticeable part of something  
**celestial** *adj* very beautiful; of heaven; divine  
**depict** *v* to describe someone or something using words or pictures  
**stupendous** *adj* extremely impressive  
**goblet** *n* a drinking glass with a foot and a stem  
**compressed** *adj* squeezed together or flattened  
**pass out** *phr.v* to faint; to lose one's consciousness  
**commune (with)** *v* to experience strong emotion or spiritual feelings (for)  
**periodically** *adv* when something is happening regularly though not frequently  
**brush shoulders (with)** *phr* to have a connection (with)  
**evolution** *n* the gradual development of someone or something  
**ravishing** *adj* delightful, lovely; enchanting  
**succinct** *adj* briefly and clearly expressed  
**skim** *v* to look at the most important things only  
**mere** *adj* just, only (used to show how small or insignificant something is)  
**stellar** *adj* outstanding  
**pivotal** *adj* of crucial importance in relation to the development or success of something else  
**dispel** *v* to make (a doubt, feeling, or belief) disappear  
**insouciant** *adj* carefree or unconcerned; light-hearted  
**first and foremost** *phr* more than anything else; most importantly  
**supreme** *adj* of great importance  
**claret** *n* a deep purplish-red colour  
**crimson** *n* a deep or vivid red colour  
**electric** *adj* producing a sudden sense of thrilling excitement  
**intuitive** *adj* using or based on what one feels to be true even without conscious reasoning; instinctive  
**prodigious** *adj* impressively great in size or degree  
**vast** *adj* very large  
**sinuous** *adj* shaped with curves  
**wrestle** *v* to struggle with a difficulty or a problem  
**fundamentals** *n* the basics; the basic principles  
**insight** *n* an accurate and deep understanding of something  
**subtle** *adj* not immediately obvious or noticeable  
**unlike** *adj* not alike or similar

**ultimately** *adv* finally

**inspiring** *adj* making you feel enthusiastic and excited about something

### Reading and Use of English, Part 7, p.56, 57

**invasion** *n* if there is an invasion of a country, a foreign army enters it without permission, and usually by force  
**audacious** *adj* recklessly bold or daring  
**strait** *n* a narrow strip of sea which joins two larger bodies of sea  
**expertise** *n* a special skill or knowledge that is acquired through training, study or practice  
**bedrock** *n* solid rock in the ground which supports the weight of the soil and structures above it - if someone or something is the bedrock of something else, it is the support without which that something else would fail and/or collapse  
**lateral** *adj* moving in a sideways direction or related to the sides of something  
**fault** *n* a large crack in the surface of the earth  
**abutting plates** *phr* large adjoined pieces of the Earth's surface which move very slowly  
**quake (earthquake)** *n* a shaking of the ground caused by movement of the tectonic plates which comprise the Earth's surface  
**threshold** *n* an amount, level or limit on a scale, and after this amount/level/limit is reached something happens/changes  
**magnitude** *n* the scale, size or importance of something  
**accompany** *v* something accompanies another thing if it happens or exists at the same time as it  
**endure** *v* if you endure a situation, you experience it and do not avoid it or give up  
**prone to** *adj* to be prone to something is to have a tendency to be affected by it or do it (usually negative things)  
**brave** *v* if you brave an unpleasant experience, you endure it or face it courageously  
**gridlock** *n* very high traffic congestion where movement of traffic is almost non-existent; a prolonged traffic jam  
**whisk** *v* to whisk someone or something somewhere is to take them there very quickly  
**withstand** *v* if you withstand something, you survive it or do not give in to it  
**immersed** *adj* to be put under the surface of a liquid  
**tube** *n* a long hollow object that is usually round in shape  
**seabed** *n* the ground at the bottom of the sea  
**fabricated** *adj* something which is fabricated from different materials is made out of those same materials  
**imminent** *adj* almost certain to happen very soon (often associated with negative events)  
**straightforward** *adj* something which is straightforward is easy to do and understand  
**hurdle** *n* a problem, difficulty or part of a process that may stop you from achieving something or may make it harder to achieve  
**squeeze** *v* to press something firmly or apply a significant amount of pressure to it with your hands

### Reading and Use of English, Part 8, p.58, 59

**contemporary** *adj* something is contemporary if it is modern and relates to the present time  
**literary** *adj* concerned with or connected in some way to the writing, study and/or appreciation of literature  
**auditorium** *n* a large room, hall, or building used for various events  
**kick off** *phr.v* something (an event, game, series, discussion,

debate etc.) kicks off when it begins

**potential** *adj* if someone or something has potential, it has the capability or capacity to develop into something else, though this development is not in any way guaranteed to happen

**mannequin** *n* a person who displays clothes, hats, or shoes by wearing them, especially in fashion

shows or in fashion photographs (or a life-sized model of a person on display in shop windows etc. for the purpose of showcasing lines of clothing etc.)

**display** *n* an arrangement of things that have been put in a particular place so that people may see them

**gnome** *n* an imaginary creature that resembles a tiny man with a pointed hat and beard; in Britain people often have little statues bearing this description in their gardens, these are referred to as *garden gnomes*

**ale** *n* a kind of strong beer

**leading** *adj* the thing or person that is leading in a particular area is the most successful or important one in that area

**incorporate** *v* if one thing incorporates another thing it includes it; one thing that is a part of another thing is incorporated into it

**proceedings** *n* an organised series of events (a sequence of events) that take place in a particular location

**gastronomic** *adj* describes things that are concerned with food

**proms** *n* the Proms are a series of connected concerts

**maritime** *adj* things related to the sea and ships

**illuminate** *v* if you illuminate something, you shine a light on it and make it more visible, or, in the case of a piece of information, you make it more clear and understandable or more noticeable

**string** *n* the section of an orchestra which consists of stringed instruments played with a bow

**insight** *n* to gain an insight into a situation or problem is to gain an accurate and deep understanding of it

**resound** *v* when noise resounds, it can be heard very loudly and clearly

**quay** *n* a long platform beside the sea or a river where boats can be tied up and then loaded or unloaded

**gospel** *n* gospel music is a form of music that uses strong vocals and harmonies and is especially popular among black Christians in the southern United States of America

**choir** *n* a choir is a collection of people who come together regularly to sing as a group, at school or in church for example

### Listening, Part 1, p.61

**retailer** *n* a person or business that sells goods to the general public

**credible** *adj* able to be believed; convincing; having a good chance of succeeding

**spoil** *v* to cause damage to something in regard to its value, beauty, usefulness, etc.

**appeal** *n* the quality or characteristic of a person or thing that other people find attractive or interesting about them

### Listening, Part 2, p.62

**uniform** *adj* things being all the same in character, appearance, design or substance

**angler** *n* a person who fishes with a fishing-rod as a hobby

### Listening, Part 3, p.62

**self-conscious** *adj* uncomfortably and unnaturally aware of yourself and your actions

**hinder** *v* something that hinders you makes it more difficult for

you to make progress or succeed in what you are doing

**disturbing** *adj* something that is disturbing makes you feel uncomfortable, uneasy, worried or upset

**steady** *adj* a steady situation continues or develops gradually, and is unlikely to change quickly or be unpredictable

**bravery** *n* is the quality of being brave or courageous

**praise** *v* to praise someone or something is to express approval for their achievements or qualities or intentions

### Listening, Part 4, p.63

**reluctance** *n* unwillingness to do something by choice

**annoyance** *n* the feeling you get when someone irritates you or makes you feel angry or impatient

**inconsiderate** *adj* someone is inconsiderate if they do not think about the effect their words or actions will have on others

# TEST I

## VOCABULARY EXERCISES

### Exercise A

Choose the correct option (a, b, c, d) which best fits each sentence.

1 Unfortunately, the strong winds ..... the fire-fighters in their effort to put out the fire.

- a sustained      b fled      c hindered      d justified

2 Her paintings ..... the lives of the farmers in the last century.

- a depict      b gulp      c wrestle      d whisk

### Exercise B

Fill in the blanks in the following sentences using words from the box below. There are **two extra words** in the box you **do not need** to use. You cannot change the words.

**dizziness, rectitude, mortgage, hassle, evolution, threshold**

1 She is a model of .....

2 They took out a £60,000 ..... to buy the house.

3 He earns £ 345 a month, which is below the ..... for paying tax.

4 They say that they can't face the ..... of moving house again.

### Exercise C

Fill in the definitions using words from the box below. There are **two extra words** in the box that you **do not need** to use.

**rampant, ravishing, pictorial, audacious, lateral, crucial**

1 ..... means moving in a sideways direction.

2 ..... means extremely important.

3 ..... means delightful, lovely or enchanting.

4 ..... means recklessly bold, daring or fearless.

### Exercise D

Fill in the charts with the derivatives of the given **adjectives**. Then provide one synonym and one antonym.

VERB	NOUN	ADJECTIVE	ADVERB	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
		disturbing			
		endurable			
		adorable			
		significant			

### Exercise E

Write 4 sentences using the following words: **comforting, unbearable, despicable, trivial**

You must write one sentence for each of these words. Use between **6** and **16 words** in each sentence.

- 1 \_\_\_\_\_  
 2 \_\_\_\_\_  
 3 \_\_\_\_\_  
 4 \_\_\_\_\_

## TEST 2

### Reading and Use of English, Part 1, p.64

**over-regulated** *adj* to be too closely controlled by way of rules of laws

**strangle** *v* to kill or attempt to kill someone by squeezing their throat so as to prevent them from breathing; to stop something from developing (the organisation was strangled by red tape)

**rage** *v* when something rages, it continues to exist with great force or violence

**maim** *v* to injure so badly as to cause permanent irreparable damage to a person or an animal

**in conjunction with** *prep.phr* if two things are done or used in conjunction, they are done or used together

**plight** *n* a very difficult, troublesome and distressing situation someone is in

**dwell** *v* to dwell somewhere is to live in that place or to have your home there

**expansion** *n* the process of becoming greater in size, number, volume or amount etc.

**prosecution** *n* the action of charging someone with a crime and making them stand trial

**principle** *n* a belief that you have about the correct way to behave that influences your general behaviour

**embark** *v* if you embark on something, you start doing it or begin it

**propel** *v* if something propels you to do something, it causes you to do it

### Reading and Use of English, Part 2, p.64

**recruitment** *n* the recruitment of workers, soldiers or members of an organisation is the act of first selecting them on the basis of their merits and then persuading them to join

**disgraceful** *adj* if you describe a situation or someone's behaviour as disgraceful, you disapprove of it and feel that it is shameful

**taxpayers** *n* people who must pay a percentage of their income to the government in taxes

### Reading and Use of English, Part 3, p.65

**enthuse** *v* to talk about something in a way that clearly shows that you are excited about it

**utmost** *adj* utmost is used to emphasise the importance or seriousness of something or the way it is done

**jargon** *n* words and expressions that are used in special or technical ways by particular groups of people, often making the language difficult to understand for someone not associated with the particular field in which the word or expression is used

### Reading and Use of English, Part 5, p.66

**creep** *v* to move slowly, very quietly and very carefully because you do not want to be noticed

**fetch** *v* to go to another place to get something or someone and bring it or them back

**root** *v* to cause someone to stand immobile through fear or amazement

**scar** *n* a mark on the skin which remains after a wound has fully healed

**impact** *n* the impact that something has is the powerful effect it has (on a person, situation, process etc.)

**fall apart** *phr.v* to fail or to stop working effectively

**bleak** *adj* a situation which is bleak is a bad situation that doesn't seem at all likely to improve

**salvation** *n* if someone or something is your salvation, they are responsible for saving you or keeping you protected from some kind of harm, destruction, or an unpleasant situation

**landscape** *n* everything that you can see or that is in view when you look out across an area of land i.e. buildings, trees, hills, rivers etc.

**birch** *n* a type of tall tree with thin branches

**nettle** *n* wild plants whose leaves are covered with fine hairs that will sting you if touched

**idyllic** *adj* extremely pleasant, peaceful or simple without any apparent dangers or difficulties

**resurrect** *v* if you resurrect something, you cause it to exist or start up again after it had disappeared or stopped

**homeopathy** *n* a way of treating illness by giving small amounts of natural substances that in large amounts could cause the illness

**prescribe** *v* (of a medical practitioner) to advise and authorise the use of a medicine or treatment for someone, especially in writing

**qualify** *v* to have or achieve the necessary skills (usually by completing a course) so that you are able to do a job

**surgery** *n* a room/house/building where a doctor or a dentist works

**treatment room** *n* a room in which treatment is given to sick or injured people or animals

**complementary** *adj* involving or using the treatments and techniques of complementary medicine; complementary medicine (such as acupuncture or osteopathy) is different to conventional medicine but can be used alongside it in the treatment of disease and ill health

**dawn on somebody** *phr.v* when something dawns on you, you begin to realise it for the very first time

**premises** *n* the premises of an organization or institution are all the buildings that belong to it which are located in one particular place

**take on** *phr.v* to take on something (like a job or responsibility) is to accept it

**lease** *n* a legal agreement by which the owner of something (a building, car, piece of machinery etc.) allows someone else to use it for a given period of time in return for money

**naive** *adj* someone who is naive lacks experience or expects people to be honest and kind; they expect things to be too perfect

**rate** *n* an amount of money charged for goods or services

**extent** *n* the extent of something is how great, important or serious it is

**misbehave** *v* if someone (i.e. a child) misbehaves, they behave in a way that is not acceptable to other people

**demanding** *adj* a demanding task is one which requires a lot of time, energy and attention

**uninspired** *adj* if someone or something is described as uninspired they are said to lack any original or exciting qualities

**revert (to)** *v* when people or things revert to a previous state or type of behaviour, they go back to it

**self-sufficient** *adj* if a country, group or people is self-sufficient, it is able to produce all that it needs to survive comfortably by itself

**sensible** *adj* based on reason rather than emotion; logic rather than feeling or intuition

**flexible** *adj* able to adopt or change to cope with different conditions or circumstances as they may occur

**unreliable** *adj* cannot be trusted to do what they are supposed to

### Reading and Use of English, Part 6, p.68, 69

**buff** *n* a person who is enthusiastically interested in and very knowledgeable about a particular subject

**deter** *v* to make someone less enthusiastic about doing something by making them think about the negative results this action might have

**decent** *adj* behaving towards other people in an honest, fair and nice way

**expansive** *adj* friendly, generous, or willing to talk

**mercy** *n* the act of forgiving someone or not treating them severely, especially someone whom you have the authority to punish

**merciless** *adj* showing no mercy

**will** *n* the mental power used to control and direct your thoughts and actions, or determination to do something despite any difficulties or opposition

**declare** *v* to formally announce the beginning of something

**fraught** *adj* causing or having extreme worry or anxiety

**internalise** *v* if you internalise your emotions or feelings, you do not allow them to show although you think about them

**stiff upper lip** *phr* the quality of remaining calm and not letting other people see what you are really feeling in a difficult or unpleasant situation

**guillotine** *n* a machine used in the past for cutting off somebody's head

**ply** *v* to work steadily at something

**hush-hush** *adj* kept secret from people

**posh** *adj* elegant and stylishly luxurious

**sneak-peek** *n* an opportunity to see something before it is officially available

**standing ovation** *n* when the people in an audience stand up to clap at the end of a performance because they liked it a lot

**elocution** *n* a style or manner of speaking, especially in public

**fanfare** *n* a short piece of music played on brass instruments to announce a special person or event; media attention or elaborate ceremony

**pageantry** *n* elaborate display or ceremony

**grandiose** *adj* larger and containing more detail than necessary, or designed to look important or great

**pretension** *n* a claim or belief that you can succeed or that you are important or have serious value

**honest-to-goodness** *adj* plain, genuine, straightforward

**staid** *adj* respectable and serious but slightly old-fashioned or unadventurous

**fussy** *adj* not easily satisfied or having very high standards about particular things

**mores** *plural n* the traditional customs and ways of behaving that are typical of a particular society

**prequel** *n* a film, book, or play that develops the story of an earlier film, etc. by telling you what happened before the events in the first film, etc.

**horrendously** *adv* in an extremely unpleasant, horrifying or terrible way

**tongue-tied** *adj* having a malformation restricting the movement of the tongue; too shy or too embarrassed to speak

**exquisitely** *adv* in an extremely beautiful and delicate manner

**sneeringly** *adv* in a rude and disrespectful way

**stammer** *n* a speech disorder characterised by involuntary repetitions and hesitations

**torture** *v* to cause great mental suffering

**triumphalist** *adj* an unpleasant show of pleasure and satisfaction because you have won or done better than others

**sentimental** *adj* too strongly influenced by emotional feelings

**contentment** *n* a state of happiness and satisfaction

**blather** *n* a silly or annoying long talk without real substance

**stutter** *v* to speak or say something, especially the first part of a word, with difficulty, pausing before it, or repeating it several times

**vibrant** *adj* full of energy and life

**crowd-puller** *n* a person, an event, or a display that attracts a large audience

**prodigious** *adj* impressively great in extent or degree

**staggering** *adj* extremely surprising

### Reading and Use of English, Part 7, p.70, 71

**inconvenienced** *adj* a person is inconvenienced by another person if that other person causes them problems or difficulties of some kind, whether intentionally or otherwise

**aviation** *n* the operation and production of aircraft

**commercial** *adj* commercial means involved in or related to the buying and selling of goods (a word to describe trade, or business generally)

**accountable** *adj* if you are accountable to somebody for something that you do, you must be prepared to justify your actions to them

**dial** *n* a dial is a part of a machine or instrument which shows the time or a measurement that has been recorded

**fierce** *adj* intense or strong

**comprehensive** *adj* if something is comprehensive, it includes everything that is relevant or required

**requirement** *n* a requirement is a quality or a qualification you must possess before you are allowed to or can have the opportunity to do something

**GCSE – General Certificate of Secondary Education** *abbr.* British educational qualification which secondary school children take at around the age of sixteen

**profiling** *n* the practice of categorizing people and predicting their behaviour according to particular characteristics, such as race or age

**preventative** *adj* preventative actions or measures are intended to prevent or stop such things as disease or crime

**onboard** *adv* on or in an aircraft/ship etc

**cockpit** *n* the part of an airplane or racing car where the pilot or driver sits

**CCTV – Closed Circuit Television** *abbr.* a television system in which signals are transmitted from a television camera to the receivers by cables or telephone links forming a closed circuit, as used in security systems, etc.

**pricey** *adj* expensive, and perhaps costing more than it should, taking into consideration its quality or usefulness

**irate** *adj* someone who is irate is extremely angry about something

**corps** *n* a section/part of the army which has special duties assigned to it

**Air cadet** *n* a young person in training to become a pilot in the air force

**disrupt** *v* if an event, system or process is disrupted by someone or something, the event, system or process is prevented from continuing or proceeding/operating in a normal way

**plus** *n* if something is a plus, it is an advantage or benefit

**readily** *adv* to do something readily is to be very willing to do it

**in-flight** *adj* in-flight services are services that are provided onboard an aeroplane

### Reading and Use of English, Part 8, p.72,73

**initial** *adj* something that happens at the beginning of a process

**hostile** *adj* a person who is hostile is unfriendly or aggressive

**windfall** *n* a sum of money received unexpectedly or by

chance or luck; for example, winning the lottery  
**sibling** *n* your brothers and sisters are your siblings  
**rivalry** *n* competition and/or conflict between people, companies, organisations, or countries etc. who want the same things  
**long (for)** *v* to long for something is to want it very much or very badly  
**conventional** *adj* a conventional method or product is one which is commonly used or which has been used for a very long time  
**arrogant** *adj* an arrogant person behaves in a proud and unpleasant way towards other people because they feel that they are superior to or better than other people  
**inclination** *n* an inclination is a feeling or hunch that makes you want to act in a certain way  
**weird** *adj* if something or someone is described as weird, it is meant that they are strange or different in some way  
**aspiration** *n* a person's aspirations are their desire to achieve things, like their goals and dreams in life  
**a bolt out of the blue (or a bolt from the blue)** *phr* if some news comes to you like a bolt from the blue, it comes as a total and complete surprise to you  
**enterprising** *adj* willing to try out new, unusual or creative ways of doing something or achieving something  
**commission** *n* a payment made to a sales person for every sale he makes; if a salesperson is paid on commission, then the amount they make relates directly to the amount that they sell  
**royalties** *n(pl)* are payments made to someone whose inventions, properties or ideas you or your company use  
**encounter** *n* an encounter is a particular experience of some kind  
**canine** *adj* canine means relating to dogs  
**cuddly** *adj* a cuddly person or animal makes you want to hold them in your arms or give them your affection  
**snarl** *v* an animal snarls when it makes a fierce rough sound in its throat while showing its teeth  
**dreaded** *adj* something that is dreaded is terrible or greatly feared  
**fainthearted** *adj* someone who is fainthearted doesn't commit to strong and determined action due to their fear of failure or lack of confidence  
**pan out** *phr.v* to end up, result; to turn out well  
**crave** *v* to crave something is to want it very much  
**stability** *n* stability is the state of not being likely to alter, change or come to an end soon or suddenly  
**rewarding** *adj* a rewarding experience is one which brings you some satisfaction or benefits you in some way  
**au pair** *n* an au pair is a young foreigner who lives with a family in order to learn their language and who helps the family to look after their children, or does some housework  
**overnight** *adv* something which happens overnight happens very suddenly and unexpectedly  
**integral** *adj* something which is integral to something else is essential to that something else  
**adjust** *v* when you adjust to something new (like a new situation), you get used to it by changing your ideas or opinions  
**resentful** *adj* if you are resentful you feel bitterness and annoyance about something  
**substitute** *n* a substitute is something that is used in the place of something else  
**invader** *n* is used metaphorically to characterise someone or a group of people whose presence in a particular place is unwanted by the local population  
**wrench** *n* if you feel that leaving someone, somewhere or something is a wrench, you mean that you are very sad to do it

**grumble** *v* if someone grumbles, they complain about something in a negative or bad-tempered way  
**divine** *adj* divine is used to describe something that is provided by God  
**obliged** *adj* if you are obliged to do something, a situation, rule or law makes it necessary for you to do it  
**camaraderie** *n* camaraderie is a feeling of trust and friendship among a group of people who have known each other for some time and who share some common experience  
**depot** *n* a large building where busses or railway engines are stored when not in use

#### Listening, Part 1, p.75

**fall out with** *phr.v* to have an argument with someone and cease to be their friend  
**preconception** *n* a belief about something that we have formed before we have acquired the knowledge or experience necessary to make a fair judgement of that thing  
**incentive** *n* something that encourages or motivates you to do something else  
**cruel** *adj* a cruel person deliberately causes pain or hurt to other people or animals

#### Listening, Part 2, p.76

**probation** *n* a period of time during which your character, performance or ability to work is being judged in order to see if you are suitable for a particular kind of work  
**inadequate** *adj* not good enough; too low in quality or too small in amount  
**neglect** *v* to neglect someone or something is to fail to give them the attention that they are entitled to or deserve  
**ambitious** *adj* an ambitious person has a strong desire to be successful, rich and powerful  
**senior** *adj* if someone is your senior or senior to you, they have a higher and more important or prestigious job, or they are considered to be superior to you because they have worked in your field of work or place of work for longer and have much more experience than you  
**outdated** *adj* something which is outdated is old-fashioned and not very relevant to modern life  
**ethics** *n* a social, religious, or civil code of behaviour considered correct, esp. that of a particular group, profession, or individual

#### Listening, Part 4, p.77

**apprentice** *n* an apprentice is a young person who works for somebody else in order to learn that other person's skill; the other person is normally an expert in his craft/field  
**pensioner** *n* someone who receives a pension, especially an old-age pension from the state  
**prioritise** *v* to prioritise is to treat one thing as more important than another

# TEST 2

## VOCABULARY EXERCISES

### Exercise A

Choose the correct option (a, b, c, d) which best fits each sentence.

- 1 That painting made the artist famous .....
- a overnight      b sneeringly      c horrendously      d readily
- 2 The awful truth was beginning to ..... her.
- a fall apart      b pan out      c fall out      d dawn on

### Exercise B

Fill in the blanks in the following sentences using words from the box below. There are **two extra words** in the box you **do not need** to use. You cannot change the words.

mercy, buff, elocution, substitute, windfall, prequel

- 1 If you need any help with your laptop, ask Tom, he's a computer .....
- 2 Each investor received a ..... of £5,000.
- 3 You need to have lessons in music and .....
- 4 The child was screaming and begging for .....

### Exercise C

Fill in the definitions using words from the box below. There are **two extra words** in the box that you **do not need** to use.

prescribe, snarl, crave, creep, stutter, neglect

- 1 ..... means to fail to give somebody the attention that they are entitled to or deserve.
- 2 ..... means to move slowly, very quietly and very carefully because you do not want to be noticed.
- 3 ..... means (of a medical practitioner) to advise and authorise the use of a medicine or treatment for someone, especially in writing.
- 4 ..... means to speak or say something, especially the first part of a word, with difficulty, pausing before it, or repeating it several times.

### Exercise D

Fill in the charts with the derivatives of the given **adjectives**. Then provide one synonym and one antonym.

VERB	NOUN	ADJECTIVE	ADVERB	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
		reliable			
		resentful			
		disruptive			
		enthusiastic			

### Exercise E

Write 4 sentences using the following words: **unreliable, contented, disciplined, half-hearted**. You must write one sentence for each of these words. Use between **6** and **16 words** in each sentence.

- 1 \_\_\_\_\_
- 2 \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 \_\_\_\_\_

## TEST 3

### Reading and Use of English, Part 1, p.78

**soar** *v* if the amount, level or volume of something soars, it is said to increase by a great deal

**festive** *adj* relating to a holiday or celebration, especially Christmas

**sober up** *phr.v* to become less drunk or to make someone become less drunk

**foil** *v* to foil someone's plan is to succeed in stopping them from doing what they wanted or set out to do

**down** *v* to down a drink or food is to drink or eat it, often very quickly

**tempt** *v* to offer someone something they want as an incentive in order to get them to do something for you

**urge** *v* to try to encourage, persuade or convince someone to do something

**obscure** *v* if one thing obscures another, it prevents it from being seen or heard properly

**distrust** *v* to distrust someone or something is to think of them as being unreliable or untrustworthy

**hinder** *v* if something hinders you, it makes it more difficult for you to progress or succeed in something else

**consult** *v* if you consult an expert or someone senior to you, you ask them for their opinion or advice, or for their permission/blessing to do something

**confer** *v* to confer is to discuss something with another person in order to arrive at a decision

**aspire** *v* if you aspire to something, you have a strong desire to achieve it

**squander** *v* to squander money, resources or opportunities is to waste them

### Reading and Use of English, Part 2, p.78

**(the) delights (of something)** *n* (the) pleasures (of something)

**shun** *v* to deliberately avoid or ignore someone or something or keep them at a distance from you

**isolation** *n* the state of feeling alone and without friends or companionship

**capture** *v* if an event is captured in a photograph or on film, it is photographed or filmed

**lag** *v* if one thing or person lags behind another, their progress is slower than the others'

**stakes** *n* (used with a modifier) a situation involving competition in a specified area (e.g. popularity stakes)

**be tucked away** *phr.v* to be located in a place that is not easily seen

**astonishing** *adj* something which is astonishing is very surprising to learn

**route** *n* a way to get from one place to another

### Reading and Use of English, Part 3, p.79

**pioneering** *adj* pioneering work involves doing something that hasn't been done before

**overland** *adj* an overland journey is made across land as opposed to by air or sea

**harsh** *adj* harsh climates or conditions are very difficult for people and animals to survive in or endure

**spectacle** *n* a sight that is both strange and interesting

**prime** *adj* prime is used to describe something that is the best possible quality

**rely** *v* to depend on someone in order to live, work or function

properly

**intrepid** *adj* if someone is intrepid, they act in a brave or courageous manner

**drawback** *n* an aspect or quality of someone or something that makes them less acceptable than would otherwise be the case

**bumpy road** *phr* a road that is very uneven and difficult to drive on or travel on; if something such as life is a bumpy road that means it is difficult or not straightforward

**tandem** *n* a bicycle designed for two riders on which one sits behind the other

### Reading and Use of English, Part 4, p.79

**reliable** *adj* if someone or something is reliable, they can be trusted to work, perform or function well

**priority** *n* the (or one of the) most important or urgent things you have to do or deal with, or it must be done or dealt with before all of the other things you have to do.

### Reading and Use of English, Part 5, p.80, 81

**fundraising** *adj* collecting money to support a charity, organisation, political party or campaign etc.

**pound** *v* to walk with heavy steps

**treadmill** *n* a piece of equipment, for example an exercise machine, consisting of a wheel with steps around its edge or a continuous moving belt; the weight of a person or animal walking on it causes the wheel or belt to turn, or the wheel or belt is turned by a power source

**firmly** *adv* in a secure and strong way

**mentally** *adv* intellectually, of or relating to the mind

**chore** *n* a task you must do which you find to be unpleasant or boring

**ferry** *v* to transport from one place to another on short or regular trips

**hurdle** *n* a problem, difficulty or part of a process that may prevent you from achieving something or make it harder to achieve

**set the ball rolling** *expr.* to cause something to start happening

**stone** *n* a measure of weight, especially the weight of a person, equal to 14 pounds or 6.35 kilograms

**filthy** *adj* if something is filthy, it is very dirty

**hut** *n* a small house with only one or two rooms, especially one which is made of wood, mud, grass, or stones

**blister** *n* a painful swelling on the surface of the skin; blisters contain a clear liquid which discharges pus-like if the blister is burst, and are usually caused by heat or by something repeatedly rubbing or agitating the skin

**pitch** *v* to pitch your tent or pitch camp is to put your tent up in the place or erect it in the location where you are going to stay for the night

**summit** *n* the top of a mountain

**loose** *adj* the opposite of tight

**scree** *n* a mass of loose stones on the side of a mountain

**scramble** *v* to scramble over rocks or up a hill is to move quickly over them or up it using your hands to help you keep your balance

**straggling** *adj* if something is straggling, it is untidy or uneven

**stagger** *v* to walk very unsteadily, possibly due to drunkenness or shock

**altitude** *n* height above sea level

**porter** *n* an attendant

**decompression chamber** *n* the room where someone is helped to acclimatize to the normal pressure of the air

**cerebral oedema** *n* an excess accumulation of water in the intracellular and/or extracellular spaces of the brain

**excess** *n* amounts that are greater than usual, average or necessary

**swell up** *phr.v* if something such as a part of the body swells up, it becomes larger and more rounded than normal; it becomes swollen

**put sth into perspective** *phr.v* to put something in perspective is to judge its real importance having taken everything else into consideration too

**infinite** *adj* if something is infinite, it has no limit, edge or end

**impulsive** *adj* if you describe someone as impulsive, you mean they do things suddenly without thinking about them carefully and without properly considering the consequences of their actions first

**resent** *v* to resent someone or something is to feel bitter and annoyed about their actions

**tackle** *v* to tackle a difficult problem or task is to deal with it in a determined and efficient manner

**choir** *n* a group of people who sing together, for example in a church or school

**envious** *adj* to be envious of someone is to want something they have

**maternal** *adj* maternal describes feelings or actions typical of those a kind mother would exhibit towards or do for her child

**cautionary** *adj* a cautionary story, note or tale is one which is intended as a warning to other people; usually a mistake they should learn from and not make themselves

**pretentious** *adj* if you say that you think someone is pretentious, you accuse them of trying to look or be important or significant when you don't think they really are

### Reading and Use of English, Part 6, p.82, 83

**atonement** *n* something that you do to show that you are sorry for something bad that you did

**perversely** *adv* in a way that most people would not expect or enjoy

**ungrIPPING** *adj* unable to hold the interest or attention of someone

**long (for)** *v* to have a strong wish or desire for something or someone

**clarity** *n* the quality of being clear and easy to understand

**interlude** *n* a period of time or different activity between longer periods or events; episode

**dissolve** *v* to disappear

**invisible** *adj* ignored; treated as if unable to be seen

**flamboyant** *adj* (of a person or their behaviour) tending to attract attention because of their confidence and stylishness

**pallid** *adj* not lively, interesting or exciting

**qualifier** *n* a word or phrase, especially an adjective, used to attribute a quality to another word, especially a noun

**droop** *v* to bend or hang down heavily

**nettle** *n* a plant that has leaves covered with stinging hairs

**distil** *v* to extract the essential meaning or the most important aspects of

**sweltering** *adj* uncomfortably hot

**remarkable** *adj* worthy of attention; impressive

**perennial** *adj* lasting a very long time or happening all the time

**hazard** *n* something that is dangerous and likely to cause damage

**innocence** *n* the quality of not having much experience of life and not knowing about the bad things that happen in life

**intrusion** *n* an occasion when somebody or something goes to a place where they are not wanted or expected to be

**recount** *v* to describe how something happens or to tell a story

**monstrous** *adj* very cruel; very bad

**shatter** *v* to severely damage something

**staid** *adj* serious, boring and slightly old-fashioned

**confront** *v* to face or deal with a difficult situation

**moral** *adj* relating to the standards of good or bad behaviour, fairness, honesty, etc. that each person believes in

**underscore** *v* to emphasise; to show that something is important

**wreak** *v* to cause something to happen in a violent and often uncontrolled way

**make amends** *phr* to do something good to show that you are sorry about something bad you have done

**wrenching** *adj* sad

**consequence** *n* a result or effect, typically one that is unpleasant or unwelcome

**precocious** *adj* (of a child) having developed certain abilities or inclinations at an earlier age than is usual or expected

**absolution** *n* the act of forgiving someone, especially in the Christian religion, for something bad that they have done or thought

**disintegrate** *v* to lose strength and gradually fail

**resemblance** *n* the degree or extent to which or the respect in which a likeness exists

**hinge** *v* to attach

**apt** *adj* appropriate or suitable in the circumstances

**obsession** *n* something or someone that you think about all the time

**scepticism** *n* doubt as to the truth of something

**credulity** *n* a tendency to be ready to believe that something is real or true

### Reading and Use of English, Part 7, p.84, 85

**fragrance** *n* a pleasant, sweet smell

**quail** *n* a small brown bird that is shot for sport or food

**charcoal** *n* a hard, black substance similar to coal that can be used as fuel or, in the form of sticks, as something to draw with

**perimeter** *n* the outer edge of an area or the border around it

**pollen** *n* a powder that is produced by the male part of a flower that causes the female part of the same type of flower to produce seeds and is carried by the wind or insects

**commence** *v* to start

**inhabit** *v* to live in a place

**abode** *n* the place where someone lives

**godly** *adj* showing respect for God and living according to religious rules

**nexus** *n* a closely connected group of things, often forming the central part of something

**silt** *n* sand, dirt, or small rocks that are carried from one place to another by moving water

**communal** *adj* owned or used by everyone in a group, especially a group of people who live in the same building

**dissection** *n* the act of cutting the body of a dead person or animal in order to examine them

**compilation** *n* the action of producing something such as a book by assembling information collected from other sources

**tranquil** *adj* calm and peaceful and without noise or violence

**found** *v* to establish; to bring something into existence

**hustle and bustle** *phr* noise and activity

**anchor** *n* a heavy metal object, which looks like a cross with curved arms, on a strong rope or chain that is dropped from the boat into the water to prevent the boat from moving away

**sarcophagus** *n* a long stone box in which the body of a dead

person was buried in ancient times and is usually decorated  
**trigger** *v* to make something happen  
**flourish** *v* to grow well or be successful  
**seek** *v* to try to find something, such as an answer or a reason  
**crane** *n* a very tall machine used for lifting and moving heavy objects and building tall buildings  
**swing** *v* to move from side to side  
**steel** *n* a strong metal made from a mixture of iron and carbon  
**scamper** *v* to move quickly with small light steps  
**scaffolding** *n* a structure of metal poles and wooden boards put against a building, which enables workers to reach the higher parts of the building

### Reading and Use of English, Part 8, p.86, 87

**era** *n* a period of history or a long period of time can be referred to an era, especially when this period has some defining characteristic

**fortress** *n* a castle or other large, strong building or well-protected place, which enemies would find difficult to gain access to

**subsequently** *adv* afterwards

**incidental** *adj* of little importance; if something is incidental to another thing, it is of far less importance than that other thing, or is not important to that other thing

**meditation** *n* the act of remaining in a calm and quiet state for a long period of time, be it as part of a religious ritual or for health and wellbeing purposes

**under one's own steam** *prep.phr.* to do something without the help or assistance of anyone else; to do it all by yourself

**primitive** *adj* something which is very simple in style or old-fashioned is primitive

**land mine** *n* an explosive device placed just under the surface of the soil so that it is invisible and which explodes on contact with any person or vehicle

**partially** *adv* if something happens or exists partially, it happens or exists to some extent but not fully or completely e.g. if the project is partially finished, it is not completely finished but is in the process of being completed

**momentum** *n* if a project or movement gains momentum, it keeps happening or developing more and more quickly and seems less and less likely to stop or fail

**mogul** *n* an important, rich and powerful businessman, especially one in the entertainment (TV, news, film) industry

**hike** *n* a long walk in the country, usually undertaken for pleasure

**bustling** *adj* active, crowded, full of people and activity

**grandeur** *n* if something has grandeur, it is impressive because of its size, beauty or power

**apartheid** *n* a political system in South Africa by which people were divided by race and kept separate by law

**diverse** *adj* diverse people or things are people or things that are very different from each other

**decline** *n* if something declines or there is a decline in something, it becomes less in quantity, importance or strength

**have an edge** *expr* if something or someone has an edge, they have an advantage over someone else that makes them more likely to succeed than the other person

**grime** *n* dirt which has collected on the surface of something

**hesitant** *adj* if you are hesitant about doing something, you are uncertain, unsure, embarrassed or worried about it and this prevents you from doing it immediately

**boom** *v* if the economy or a business is booming, the amount of goods being bought and sold is on the increase, and it is doing very well financially

**forge** *v* to create something strong, enduring, and successful  
**inquisitive** *adj* inquisitive people like finding out about things, especially other people's secrets and information that is not widely known

**pilgrim** *n* pilgrims are people who journey to a holy place for religious reasons

**expedition** *n* a group of people who are going together on an organised trip or journey for some common purpose

**rural** *adj* having features that are typical of areas far away from large towns or cities; areas which do not have a large population or where the population is spread out thinly over a wide area

**strive** *v* if you strive to do something you make a great effort to do it; if you strive to achieve something like a specific goal or objective, you make a great effort to do so

**scholar** *n* a person who studies an academic subject and who knows a lot about that subject

**daft** *adj* stupid, impractical or somewhat strange

**bog** *n* an area of land that is very wet and muddy

**unmarred** *adj* unspoilt

**boardwalk** *n* a path made of wooden boards, especially one along a beach

**penetrate** *v* if someone or something penetrates a physical object or area, they succeed in getting into it or passing through it

**soggy** *adj* very wet, unpleasantly so

**murky** *adj* if something (water or fog) is murky, it is so dark and dirty that you cannot see through it

**haven** *n* a place where people or animals are protected and feel safe, secure and happy

**elk** *n* a large type of deer with big, flat horns called antlers

**den** *n* the home of certain types of wild animals such as foxes

**flora** *n* plants may be referred to collectively as flora, especially the plants growing in a specific area

**bittercress** *n* a type of plant

**lady's slipper** *n* a type of plant

**conservation** *n* saving and protecting the environment

**trust** *n* a financial arrangement in which an organisation or individual keeps or invests money for someone or for a group of people

**mast** *n* the tall upright poles that support a boat's sails

**ripple** *v* if the surface of an area of water ripples, or when something ripples the surface, a number of waves appear on it

**mingle (with)** *v* if things mingle they become mixed together but are usually still recognisable and distinct in themselves

**fauna** *n* animals, especially the animals in a particular area, can be referred to as fauna

**scrumptious** *adj* to say that food is scrumptious is to say that it tastes extremely good

### Listening, Part 1, p.89

**executive** *n* someone who is employed by a business at a senior level is an executive; executives make important business decisions and ensure that what has to be done gets done

**thrill** *n* something that gives you a thrill gives you a sudden feeling of excitement, pleasure or fear

**snap** *n* a photograph

### Listening, Part 2, p.90

**property** *n* a building and the land belonging to it

### Listening, Part 3, p.90

**elegant** *adj* an elegant person is one who is pleasing and graceful in appearance or style

**clumsy** *adj* a clumsy action is not a skilful one, a clumsy statement is likely to upset people or make them uncomfortable

**sober** *adj* plain, dull, and not brightly coloured

**hazardous** *adj* dangerous, especially to people's health or safety

**precautionary** *adj* if you take a precautionary action, you do so to prevent something dangerous or unpleasant from happening

**apprehensive** *adj* if you are apprehensive, you are worried that something bad might happen

**knowledgeable** *adj* a knowledgeable person is one who has or shows a clear understanding of many different facts, either to do with a specific subject or about the world in general

**reckless** *adj* if a person is reckless, they act in a way that shows that they do not care about danger or the consequences of their behaviour and especially the effects their behaviour will have on other people

# TEST 3

## VOCABULARY EXERCISES

### Exercise A

Choose the correct option (a, b, c, d) which best fits each sentence.

- 1 By not submitting his application on time, he ..... his opportunity to go to college.  
 a soared      b foiled      c squandered      d lagged
- 2 The biggest ..... in getting everything ready will be the weather, if it continues to rain.  
 a hurdle      b summit      c altitude      d hazard

### Exercise B

Fill in the blanks in the following sentences using words from the box below. There are two extra words in the box you do not need to use. You cannot change the words.

**distilled, recounted, shattered, underscored, commenced, flourished**

- 1 The crops will have certainly ..... by the end of the season due to the rich soil.  
 2 Both leaders ..... the need for negotiation between the two countries during their speeches.  
 3 The outcome of the conflict ..... our dreams of peace and prosperity .  
 4 The novel ..... the adventures of a young girl trying to find herself.

### Exercise C

Fill in the definitions using words from the box below. There are two extra words in the box that you do not need to use.

**compilation, era, meditation, momentum, scholar, conservation**

- 1 ..... means a period of history or a long period of time, especially when this period has some defining characteristic.  
 2 ..... means a person who studies an academic subject and knows a lot about that subject.  
 3 ..... means the action of producing something by assembling information collected from other sources.  
 4 ..... means saving and protecting the environment.

### Exercise D

Fill in the charts with the derivatives of the given **adjectives**. Then provide one synonym and one antonym.

VERB	NOUN	ADJECTIVE	ADVERB	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
		<b>astonishing</b>			
		<b>envious</b>			
		<b>pretentious</b>			
		<b>remarkable</b>			

### Exercise E

Write 4 sentences using the following words: **unimpressive, content, pretentious, commonplace**. You must write one sentence for each of these words. Use between 6 and 16 words in each sentence.

- 1 \_\_\_\_\_  
 2 \_\_\_\_\_  
 3 \_\_\_\_\_  
 4 \_\_\_\_\_

## TEST 4

### Reading and Use of English, Part 1, p.92

**dwell** *v* to live somewhere; to dwell on a problem or situation is to think about it a lot

**intrinsic** *adj* something which is valuable or interesting because of its basic nature or character, not because of its connection with other things

**tread lightly** *expr* to behave carefully to avoid causing problems

**boast** *v* to have or own something to be proud of

**aesthetics** *n* a branch of philosophy concerned with the study of the idea of beauty; when you refer to the aesthetics of something, you refer to how it looks - how beautiful it is

**innovative** *adj* if something is new and original, it can be said to be innovative

**capsule** *n* a very small container with a medicinal drug or other substance inside it; a space capsule is the part of a space rocket which carries people; a capsule dwelling is a very small dwelling

**robust** *adj* if someone or something is very strong or healthy, they may be referred to as being robust

**sustainable** *adj* a sustainable plan, method, or system is one designed to continue at the same consistent rate or level of activity without causing any great problems or difficulties

**permeate** *v* when an idea, feeling, or attitude permeates a system or permeates society, it affects almost every part of it or is present throughout it

**on the verge of** *prep.phr* when you are on the verge of something, you are going to do it very soon or it is likely to happen or begin very soon; you are about to do it or it is about to happen

**seismic** *adj* of enormous proportions or effect

**aspiration** *n* a dream or desire we have; something we want to achieve in the future

**content** *adj* a person who is content, is fairly happy or satisfied

**compact** *adj* compact things are small or take up very little space (this word has positive connotations)

**sleek** *adj* someone described as sleek, looks rich and stylish

**pad** *n* people can informally refer to the place where they live as their pad, especially if it is a flat or a studio apartment; a small-sized living area

**proportion** *n* a proportion of a something such as a group or an amount is a part of it

**mobility** *n* the ability to travel with ease, and often at short notice, from place to place; the ability to get or move around

**merely** *adv* merely is used to emphasize that something is only what you say and not better, more important, or more exciting in any way

**assemble** *v* to assemble things is to collect them together or to fit the different parts of something together

**scheme** *n* a scheme is a plan a person devises in order to achieve something

**soar** *v* if the amount, value, level, or volume of something soars, it quickly increases by a great amount

**impose** *v* to impose something on people is to use your authority to force them to accept it

**accurately** *adv* precisely; with attention to detail

### Reading and Use of English, Part 2, p.92

**convict** *n* a convict is someone who is in prison for committing a crime

**cringe** *v* to cringe at something is to feel embarrassed or dis-

gusted by it or because of it, and perhaps show this feeling in your facial expression or by making a slight movement

**awkwardness** *n* the feeling of being embarrassed and of having difficulty dealing with a situation

**faux pas** *n* a socially embarrassing action or mistake or error of judgement

**irrational** *adj* to describe someone's feelings and behaviour as irrational is to suggest that their feelings or behaviour do not make sense

**torture** *v* to torture someone is to cause them mental suffering or anxiety

**consistently** *adv* in a stable, steady and continual way; if someone is consistently doing something, they are doing it almost all of the time or very frequently

**glimpse** *n* a glimpse of something is a brief experience or sight of it or an idea about it that helps you to understand or appreciate it better than you had done previously

### Reading and Use of English, Part 3, p.93

**erode** *v* when the value of something erodes or is eroded by something such as inflation or age, its value decreases or diminishes

**stiff upper lip** *expr* if a person has a stiff upper lip, they don't reveal any emotion even though it is difficult for them not to; they exercise a great deal of self-restraint in the expression of emotions

**inhibited** *adj* not confident enough to say or do what you want

**ritual** *n* a religious service or other ceremony which involves a series of actions performed in a predetermined order

**despair** *n* the feeling that everything is wrong and that nothing is likely to improve

**ignorance** *n* ignorance of something is lack of knowledge or awareness of it

### Reading and Use of English, Part 5, p.94, 95

**shower** *v* to shower someone with presents or kisses is to give them a lot of presents or kisses in a very generous and lavish, or even excessive way

**accolade** *n* when a person is given an accolade, something is done or said about them in recognition of some effort or achievement which shows how much they are admired or appreciated by people

**honorary** *adj* an honorary title or membership of a group or organisation is given to someone without their needing to have the necessary qualifications, usually because of their public achievements or the fact that they are held in very high regard by the public at large

**PhD (Doctor of Philosophy)** *abbr* a postgraduate degree awarded to people who have done advanced research into a particular subject

**chuffed** *adj* to be chuffed about something is to be very pleased about it

**fellow** *n* a fellow of an academic or professional association is a person who is a specially elected member of it, usually due to their work or achievements or as a mark of honour

**gown** *n* a loose, normally black, garment worn on formal occasions by people such as lawyers and academics

**puffy** *adj* with a round, swollen appearance

**presume** *v* to presume that something is the case is to think that it is the case, even though you cannot be certain; to presume something is true is to think or assume it is without knowing so for a fact

**pull strings** *expr* when you pull strings, you use your influence with other people in order to get something done, often un-

fairly, or do special favours for others

**wind sb up** *phr.v* if you wind somebody up, you deliberately say something that annoys or irritates them

**manner** *n* when you refer to all manner of objects or people, you are talking about objects or people of many different kinds or varieties

**missive** *n* a letter or other written message that someone sends

**ether** *n* when we talk about communication through the air, we can refer to it (the air) as the ether

**sparkling** *adj* shining brightly with flashes of light

**cracking** *adj* if something is said to be cracking, it is very good or exciting

**mercenary** *n* a soldier who is paid to fight for a country or group or organisation that they do not belong to, and to whose beliefs they do not necessarily adhere

**timelessness** *n* when you describe something as timeless, you mean that it is so good or beautiful that it cannot be affected by changes

**immaturely** *adv* if someone acts immaturely, they act in a childish manner, or in a way that shows they are not completely grown up or developed

**NSPCC** *abbr.* National Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children

**teary** *adj* if a person is teary, they are emotional, tearful or full of tears; to be teary-eyed is to have tears welling up in your eyes

**senate** *n* the governing council at some universities; it can also refer to a government body; the parliament, or, at least, one of the houses of parliament, in some countries

**entail** *v* when one thing entails another, it involves it or causes it

**illustrate** *v* when you say that something illustrates a situation or problem that you are bringing attention to, you mean that it shows that the situation or problem exists, or is an example of the situation or problem

**preconception** *n* our preconceptions about something are our beliefs formed about it before we have collected enough information or experience to be able to judge it fairly

**incite** *v* when someone incites people to behave in a violent or illegal way, they encourage this behaviour, usually by making those involved excited, emotional, or angry

**recognition** *n* when a person receives recognition for the things that they have done or achieved, people acknowledge the value or skill of their work or achievements

### Reading and Use of English, Part 6, p.96, 97

**insane** *adj* in a state of mind that prevents normal behaviour or social interaction; mentally ill

**misanthropic** *adj* having or showing a dislike of other people; unsociable

**composure** *n* the state of being calm and in control of oneself

**a bag of cats** (Irish) *expr.* a bad-tempered person

**ditch** *v* to get rid of someone or something that is not needed

**mediocre** *adj* of only average quality; not very good

**trattoria** *n* an Italian restaurant

**whine** *v* to make along high sad sound

**skip** *v* to leave a place quickly in order to go to another

**flee** *v* to run away from someone or something

**horde** *n* a very large group of people

**revel in** *v* to gain great pleasure from (a situation)

**ostentatious** *adj* intended to impress people or attract their admiration, in a way that you think is extreme or unnecessary

**burnished** *adj* polished or shiny

**streak** *v* to have long, thin, noticeable lines of a different colour

**seduce** *v* to cause someone to do something that they would not usually consider doing by being attractive and difficult to refuse

**sumptuous** *adj* luxurious and showing that you are rich

**throng** *v* (of a crowd) to fill or be present in a place

**the Nativity** *n* the birth of Jesus Christ

### Reading and Use of English, Part 7, p.98, 99

**mood** *n* a person's mood is how they feel at a particular point in time, moods can be good or bad, happy or sad etc.

**sure-fire** *adj* if something is sure-fire, it is certain to succeed

**predominate** *v* if a feature or quality predominates, it is the most noticeable, important or dominant feature or quality in a situation

**random** *adj* if you describe events as random, you mean that they do not seem to follow a clear or definite pattern or plan

**interval** *n* the interval between two events or dates is the period (of time) that lies between them or separates them

**strike** *v* (of an unwelcome phenomenon) to occur suddenly and have harmful or damaging effects

**phobic** *adj* a person who is phobic has a strong, irrational fear or hatred of something

**disregard** *v* when you disregard something, you ignore it, dismiss it as unimportant or do not take account of it

**retrieve** *v* to bring an event, situation or fact back into your mind; to remember something

**shake off** *phr.v* to shake off something that you do not want such as an illness or a bad habit is to manage to recover from it, get over it or get rid of it

**fume** *v* when you fume over or about something, you express a great deal of annoyance and anger about it

**persevere** *v* when you persevere with something, you try to keep doing it and refuse to give up, even though it is difficult

**tangible** *adj* when something is tangible, it is clear enough or definite enough or real enough to be easily seen, felt, or noticed

**tantrum** *n* when a child has or throws a tantrum, they lose their temper in a noisy and uncontrolled way; when you say that an adult is throwing a tantrum, you are being critical of them for losing their temper and acting in a childish or immature way

**sulk** *v* when you sulk, you are silent and bad-tempered for a while because you are annoyed or upset about something

**ramification** *n* the ramifications of a decision, plan, or event are all the consequences and effects of it, especially ones which are not necessarily so obvious at first

**favourably** *adv* if you react favourably to something or someone, you agree with them or approve of them

**stunt** *n* something interesting that is done in order to attract attention, notice or publicity for the person or company responsible for it is a stunt

**frustrating** *adj* if something is frustrating it annoys you or makes you angry because you cannot do anything about the problems it causes or the results it has

**consciously** *adv* when a decision or action is made or done deliberately with you giving your full attention to it, the decision is made consciously

**distract** *v* something which distracts you from something takes your attention away from it

**flash up** *phr.v* a picture or message that flashes up on a screen is displayed there briefly or suddenly, and often repeatedly; if you flash a picture or message up on a screen, you display it

there briefly or suddenly, and often repeatedly

**ready** *v* to ready something, is to prepare it for a particular purpose

**vigour** *n* physical or mental energy, effort and enthusiasm can be described as vigour

**pitch** *n* when something is pitched at a particular level or degree of difficulty, it is set at that level or degree of difficulty

**divert** *v* to divert something is to make it go in a different direction than planned; to divert someone's attention is to take their attention away from what they are doing or distract them

**stoke up** *phr.v* to stoke up something such as a feeling or emotion is to make it be felt more strongly than before

**buffer** *v* to protect someone/something from harm

**foretell** *v* to foretell the future is to predict what will happen in it

**trigger** *v* to trigger an event or situation is to cause it to begin or come into existence

**fire up** *phr.v* to fire someone up is to motivate them or give them the energy to do something specific; if someone is fired up, they are highly motivated to do something specific

**drain** *v* when energy is drained from you or your energy is drained, you lose all energy and start to feel very tired

### Reading and Use of English, Part 8, p.100, 101

**hasty** *adj* a hasty event or action (or decision) is an event or action (or decision) that is completed (or taken) more quickly than normal; if you do something in a hasty manner, it often doesn't get done very well because you sacrifice quality of workmanship for speed

**call for** *phr.v* when a situation calls for a particular action or quality, it needs it or makes it necessary; the thing that is called for is the skill, action or quality that is required to deal with the situation correctly

**undivided** *adj* to give someone or something your undivided attention is to concentrate on them fully and not think about anything or anyone else

**reap** *v* to reap the benefits or the rewards of something is to enjoy those benefits; in other words, to enjoy the good things that happen as a result of it

**slave driver** *n* a cruel employer who demands and expects excessive work from his employees; someone who works his employees very hard

**recharge** *v* when you recharge your batteries, you take a break from activities which are tiring or difficult in order to relax, recuperate and feel better when you return to those activities; when someone is recharged, they are filled with energy and enthusiasm again; when something like a battery or power unit is recharged, it is refilled with power and is able to function again

**neglect** *v* to neglect is to not give something (a task, for example) or someone the amount of attention that they require or deserve

**rejuvenate** *v* to rejuvenate an organization or system is to make it more lively, successful and more efficient, for example by introducing new and fresh ideas; if a person is rejuvenated, they feel full of energy and life

**untenable** *adj* an argument, theory, or position that is untenable cannot be defended successfully against criticism or attack

**detach oneself** *v* to detach yourself from something is to become less involved in it or less concerned about it than you used to be, or to put physical or emotional distance between yourself and that something

**give sb the cold shoulder** *expr* to give someone the cold shoulder is to deliberately ignore them or be unfriendly or cold

towards them

**watershed** *n* when something such as an event is said to be a watershed in the history or development of something, it is very important because it represents the start of a new stage in it

**swiftly** *adv* very quickly

**get to grips with** *expr* to get to grips with something like a problem or situation is to deal with it

**preoccupied** *adj* when a person is preoccupied, they are thinking a lot about something or someone, and not paying much attention to or noticing anything else that is happening around them

**mundane** *adj* if something is mundane, it is very ordinary and not at all interesting, appealing or unusual

**wary** *adj* if you are wary of something or someone, you are cautious because you do not know much about them and/or you believe they may be dangerous or cause problems or pose a threat

**onwards** *adv* ahead, beyond, forth, forward

**fine-tune** *v* when you fine-tune something, you make very small and precise changes or adjustments to it in order to make it almost as successful or effective as it possibly can be

**unnerved** *adj* if you say that something unnerves you, you mean that it worries or troubles you; to be unnerved is to be worried, anxious, afraid or troubled

**tedious** *adj* if you describe something such as a job, task, or situation as tedious, you mean it is boring and rather frustrating to do

**obstacle** *n* anything that makes it difficult for you to do something may be referred to as an obstacle

**tide** *n* the tide is a regular change in the level of the sea on the shoreline; to turn the tide of something is to change the expected outcome or result of it

**loathsome** *adj* someone or something described as loathsome it is very much disliked and even considered disgusting

**ultimatum** *n* a warning to someone that unless they act in a particular way, some form of action will be taken against them

**pushover** *n* someone is a pushover if you find it easy to persuade them to do what you want

**juggle** *v* to juggle lots of different things is to try to give enough attention to them all at the same time

**intrigued** *adj* if you are intrigued by something, especially something strange, it interests you a great amount and you want to find out more about it

**interval** *n* the interval between two events or dates is the period of time that exists between them

**swear** *v* to swear that something is true is to say very firmly that it is true

**disguise** *v* to disguise yourself is to put on clothes which make you look like someone else or alter your appearance in other ways, so that people will not be able to recognize you

**overdue** *adj* to say that a change or an event is overdue is to mean that you think it should have happened before now

**bounce back** *phr.v* to bounce back after a bad experience is to return very quickly to your previous level of success, enthusiasm, or activity after that bad experience; to recover from a bad experience

### Listening, Part 2, p.104

**effectiveness** *n* the effectiveness of something or someone is how well they produce the right results or how well they do something in particular

### Listening, Part 3, p.104

**fictional** *adj* fictional characters or events occur only in stories, plays, or films, never actual exist or happen, and are, therefore, not real

**misfortune** *n* something unpleasant or unlucky that happens to a person, group or organisation

**unstable** *adj* something is unstable if it is likely to change suddenly, especially if this change might create difficulty or danger

**glorify** *v* to glorify something means to praise it or make it seem good or special, usually when it is not very praiseworthy, good or special

**menace** *n* if someone or something is said to be a menace to other people or things that person or thing is likely to cause serious harm or problems

**stem from** *v* if a condition or problem stems from something, it was originally caused by or came about as a result of that thing

# TEST 4

## VOCABULARY EXERCISES

### Exercise A

Choose the correct option (a, b, c, d) which best fits each sentence.

1 He was promised by his doctor that the Italian climate would ..... him.

- a dwell                      b entail                      c illustrate                      d rejuvenate

2 I always admired him for his ability to ..... despite all hardships.

- a whine                      b persevere                      c divert                      d disguise

### Exercise B

Fill in the blanks in the following sentences using words from the box below. There are **two extra words** in the box you **do not need** to use. You cannot change the words.

**proportion, scheme, ignorance, preconception, vigour, misfortune**

- 1 She is truly evil; she seems to enjoy the ..... of others.
- 2 He is convinced that this quick-money ..... will make him a millionaire.
- 3 It is truly upsetting that people today suffer from a complete ..... of history.
- 4 He tried not to rely on any ..... about what type of person she looked like.

### Exercise C

Fill in the definitions using words from the box below. There are two extra words in the box that you **do not need** to use.

**intrinsic, innovative, compact, irrational, ostentatious, tedious**

- 1 ..... means new and original.
- 2 ..... means not making any sense
- 3 ..... means valuable or interesting because of something's basic character.
- 4 ..... means intended to impress people or attract their admiration.

### Exercise D

Fill in the charts with the derivatives of the given **adjectives**. Then provide one synonym and one antonym.

VERB	NOUN	ADJECTIVE	ADVERB	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
		<b>frustrating</b>			
		<b>unstable</b>			
		<b>sustainable</b>			
		<b>inhibited</b>			

### Exercise E

Write 4 sentences using the following words: **reassuring, stable, untenable, uninhibited**.  
 You must write one sentence for each of these words. Use between **6** and **16** words in each sentence.

- 1 \_\_\_\_\_
- 2 \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 \_\_\_\_\_

## TEST 5

### Reading and Use of English, Part 1, p.106

**variability** *n* the quality of being subject to variation or change

**current** *n* a steady flowing movement of air or some other substance

**evaporate** *v* a liquid evaporates, or is evaporated, when it changes from a liquid state into a gaseous state (into a gas), because its temperature has increased

**drench** *v* to drench something or someone is to make them completely wet, or wet all over

**afield** *adv* away from one's home or normal environment

**intensity** *n* a high or intense degree, as of cold or heat; the strength of something, for example a storm

**drought** *n* a long period of time during which no rain falls in a particular area

**proximity** *n* proximity to a place or person is nearness to that place or person; if you are in close proximity to someone or something, you are very near to them

**assert** *v* if someone asserts a fact or belief, they state it firmly; to assert is to stress or emphasize

**obtain** *v* to obtain something is to get it or achieve it

**shove** *v* to shove someone or something is to push them with a quick and violent movement

**puncture** *v* to puncture an object is to make a hole in it

### Reading and Use of English, Part 2, p.106

**shin** *n* the front parts of your legs between your knees and ankles

**isolate** *v* to isolate something is to separate it from other things that it is connected with, so that you can concentrate on it or consider, investigate or examine it on its own

**jab** *v* to jab one thing into another thing is to push it there with a quick, sudden movement and with a lot of force

**carousel** *n* at an airport, a carousel is a moving surface from which passengers can collect their luggage on arrival

**tingly** *adv* if something makes your body feel tingly, it gives you a slight stinging feeling; if something nice makes you feel tingly, it gives you a pleasant feeling in your body

**paramedic** *n* a person who is trained to do medical work, especially emergency first aid, but is not a fully qualified doctor

### Reading and Use of English, Part 3, p.107

**capricious** *adj* when something is capricious it often changes unexpectedly

**serene** *adj* someone or something that is serene is calm and quiet

**unleash** *v* when you say that someone or something unleashes a powerful force, feeling, activity, or group, you mean that they suddenly start it or send or dispatch it somewhere

**barrage** *n* a barrage of something, such as criticism or complaints, is a large number of them directed at someone or a group or organization, often in an aggressive or unpleasant way

**lens** *n* a thin curved piece of glass or plastic used in things, such as cameras, telescopes, and pairs of glasses; you look through a lens so as to make something look smaller, larger or clearer

**reclaim** *v* to reclaim land is to make it suitable for a purpose, such as farming or building, for example by draining water off of it or by building a sea barrier

**defy** *v* to defy someone or something that is trying to make you behave in a particular way or do something is to refuse to obey them and behave in that way or do that thing

**urban** *adj* belonging to, or relating to, a town or city

**simultaneous** *adj* things which are simultaneous happen or exist at the same time

**enthralling** *adj* very interesting; capable of keeping one's interest or attention for a long period

**fragile** *adj* a fragile situation is one that it is weak or uncertain, and unlikely to be able to resist strong pressure or attack

### Reading and Use of English, Part 5, p.108, 109

**rear** *adj* the rear of something is the back part or section of it

**sprawl** *v* to sprawl somewhere is to sit or lie down with your legs and arms spread out in a careless way over a larger than necessary area

**crook** *n* the crook of your arm or leg is the soft inside part at the point which you bend your elbow or knee

**buzz** *n* something that gives you a buzz makes you feel very happy or excited for a (usually short) time

**silverback** *n* the silverback is the alpha male in a band of gorillas

**pane** *n* a pane of glass is a flat sheet of glass fitted in a window or door

**overwhelmed** *adj* to be overwhelmed by a feeling or event is to be affected very strongly by it and not know how to deal with it

**slaughter** *n* the killing of animals

**kin** *n* your relatives are your kin

**primate** *n* a member of the group of mammals which includes humans, monkeys, and apes

**commercial** *adj* commercial is a term that covers anything involving or relating to the buying and selling of goods

**timber** *n* timber is wood that has been cut for use in the building of houses and the making of furniture

**plaster** *n* a strip of sticky material used for covering small cuts or sores on your body while they heal

**rape** *v* to rape an area of a country is to spoil or destroy it

**substitute** *n* something that you have or use instead of something else; a replacement for something

**malaria** *n* a serious disease carried by mosquitoes which causes periods of fever

**horrendous** *adj* if you describe something as horrendous, you mean that it is very unpleasant or shocking

**humbling** *adj* if you describe something or someone as humbling, you mean that they make you realize that you are not as important or good as you thought you were or had assumed

**deduce** *v* if you deduce something or deduce that something is true, you come to that conclusion on the basis of other things that you know to be true

**empathy** *n* the ability to share or understand another person's feelings and emotions as if they were your own

**dictate** *v* you say that reason or common sense dictates that a particular thing is the case when you believe strongly that that particular thing is the case and you feel that reason or common sense will cause other people to agree with you

**eliminate** *v* to eliminate something, in particular something you do not want or need, means to remove it completely

**revenge** *n* revenge involves hurting, upsetting, embarrassing or punishing someone who has hurt, upset, embarrassed or harmed you.

### Reading and Use of English, Part 6, p.110, 111

**rosin** *n* substance used on the hairs of bows of stringed musical instruments to prevent the hairs from sliding over the strings

**glisten** *v* (of something wet or greasy) to shine with a sparkling light

**bicentennial** (or **bicentenary**) *n* the two-hundredth anniversary

sary of a significant event

**beam** *v* to transmit (a radio signal or broadcast) in a specified direction

**debut** *n* a person's first appearance or performance in a particular capacity or role

**incisive** *adj* expressing an idea or opinion in a clear and direct way that shows good understanding of what is important

**hype** *n* a situation in which something is advertised and discussed in newspapers, on television, etc. a lot in order to attract everyone's interest

**transcend** *v* to go further, rise above, or be more important or better, especially something like a limit

**relentless** *adj* continuing in a severe or extreme way

**compatriot** *n* a fellow citizen or national of a country

**exemplar** *n* a typical or good example of something

**riveting** *adj* absolutely fascinating

**combustible** *adj* excitable or easily annoyed; able to burn easily

**precede** *v* to be or go before something or someone in time or space

**deplore** *v* to express or feel strong disapproval of

**ride (or run) roughshod over** *expr.* to do what you want without giving any attention to other people or their wishes

**foremost** *adj* most important or best; leading

**hair-trigger** *n* (*as modifier*) it shows something that is quickly and easily activated or provoked

**responsiveness** *n* a quick reaction to something or someone

**sheer** *adj* used to emphasize how great something is; nothing other than

**vitality** *n* the state of being strong and active; energy

**faultless** *adj* perfect and without mistakes

**astounding** *adj* very surprising or shocking

**surpassing** *adj* extremely great; incomparable or outstanding

### Reading and Use of English, Part 7, p.112, 113

**emerge** *v* to come out from an enclosed or dark space such as a room or a vehicle, or from a position where you were hidden from view

**dominance** *n* the dominance of a particular person or thing is the fact that they are more powerful, successful, influential or important than other people or things

**comparatively** *adv* relatively

**put sth into context** *expr* when you put something into context, you consider it together with all the other factors which relate to it

**intuitive** *adj* if you have an intuitive idea or feeling about something, you feel that it is true despite the fact that you have no evidence or proof of it

**enrich** *v* to improve something's quality or performance, usually by adding something else to it

**remnant** *n* the remnants of something are small parts of it that are left over and remain when the main part has disappeared or been destroyed

**charcoal** *n* charcoal is a black substance created by burning wood without much air; charcoal may be burned as a fuel, and small pencil-like sticks of it are used for drawing with

**game** *n* wild animals or birds that are hunted for sport and sometimes cooked and eaten

**abundance** *n* an abundance of something is a very large quantity of that thing

**comrade** *n* one's comrades are one's friends or active supporters, especially friends or active supporters that you share a difficult or dangerous situation with; they are the people with whom you cooperate in order to overcome a difficult or dan-

gerous situation

**tusk** *n* the tusks of an elephant, wild boar, or walrus are its long, curved, pointed teeth, which are always visible whether the animal's mouth is open or closed

**scatter** *v* to scatter things over an area is to throw or drop them so that they spread out over the area

**strain** *n* a strain of something (a germ, plant, or other organism) is a particular type of it

**maize** *n* maize is a tall plant which produces long objects (corncobs) covered with yellow seeds (sweetcorn); it is frequently grown as a food crop

**feasible** *adj* if something is described as being feasible, we mean it can be done, made, or achieved; if something is feasible, it is possible

**graze** *v* when animals graze or are grazed, they eat the grass or other plants growing in a particular area

**plough** *v* when someone ploughs an area of land, they turn over the soil using a plough in order to prepare it for the next planting season

**wheat** *n* a cereal crop grown for food and the word is also used to refer to the grain of this crop, which is commonly ground into flour for use in the making of bread and other flour-based products

**insecticide** *n* a chemical substance used to kill insects

**startle** *v* if something suddenly and unexpectedly startles you, it surprises and frightens you a little

**inflict** *v* to inflict harm or damage on someone or something is to make them suffer this harm or damage

**fatal** *adj* a fatal accident or illness causes death

**last ditch** *expr* a last ditch effort is a final desperate attempt to do or achieve something, where you try as hard as you can to do or achieve it

**privilege** *n* a special right or advantage that only one person or very few people have

**locomotive** *n* a large vehicle that pulls a train

**sanctuary** *n* a place where birds or animals are protected and allowed to live and roam freely

**against odds** *prep.phr* if you do something against the odds, you achieve it even though success seemed unlikely when you started out in your task; if you try to do something or achieve something against overwhelming odds you try to do it even though success seems very unlikely

**conceive** *v* to conceive a plan or idea is to think of it and work out how it can be done or how you can succeed

**administer** *v* if a person administers something such as a country, the law, or a test, they take responsibility for organizing and supervising it, and making it as successful as possible

**potentially** *adv* possibly

**nobility** *n* a person's nobility is their noble character and behaviour; noble in this case meaning admirable or deserving of huge respect

**furtive** *adj* to describe someone's behaviour as furtive is to disapprove of them behaving in a way that suggests they want to keep something secret or hidden

**squalor** *n* very dirty and unpleasant conditions can be referred to as squalor

**racketeer** *n* someone who makes money from illegal activities, such as threatening people or selling worthless, immoral, or illegal goods or services can be referred to as a racketeer

**inexorable** *adj* inexorable is used to describe a process which cannot be prevented from continuing or progressing in a certain way

**herd** *n* a large group of animals that live together

**pluck** *v* if you pluck a fruit, flower, or leaf, you take it between

your fingers and pull on it in order to remove it from the stalk on which it is growing

**trot** *v* when an animal such as a horse trots, it moves relatively fast, taking small, quick steps; you can also say that the rider of the animal is trotting

**deflect** *v* when you deflect something that is moving, you make it go in a different direction usually by hitting or blocking it

**majestically** *adv* in an impressive way

**waterbuck** *n* a type of antelope

**ostrich** *n* a very large, flightless bird that lives in Africa

**slender** *adj* slender can be used to describe a situation which exists but only to a very small degree

**attune** *v* when you attune to a new situation or attune yourself to it, you change your ideas or behaviour in order to cope with it successfully

**impose** *v* to impose something on people is to use your authority and power to force them to accept it

**legion** *n* to say that things of a particular kind are legion is to suggest that there are a great number of them

### Reading and Use of English, Part 8, p.114, 115

**inaccurate** *adj* if a statement or measurement is inaccurate, it is not accurate or correct or does not reflect the whole truth of the matter

**collaboration** *n* collaboration is the act of working together to produce a piece of work or to complete a task, especially a book or some research

**fussy** *adj* a fussy person is one who is very concerned with unimportant details and is difficult to please

**versatility** *n* having a wide variety of skills; capable of doing many different things competently; capable of adapting well to many different circumstances

**ultimate** *adj* ultimate describes the most important or powerful thing of a particular kind

**evaluation** *n* an appraisal of the value of something

**bulk** *n* the bulk of something is most of it; the largest part of it

**extensive** *adj* something which is extensive covers a wide range of details, ideas, or items

**distribution** *n* the distribution of something is how much of it each person has, or how much there is in each place or at a given time

**scope** *n* if there is scope for a particular kind of behaviour or activity, people have the opportunity to behave in this way or do that activity; if there is scope for something, the situation allows for it

**niggle** *n* a small worry or doubt

**invertebrate** *adj* an invertebrate is a creature that does not have a spine, for example an insect, a worm, or an octopus

**unwieldy** *adj* if an object is described as unwieldy it is difficult to move or carry because it is so big or heavy or awkward

**misleading** *adj* if you say something is misleading, you suggest that it gives you a wrong idea or impression

**shortcoming** *n* someone's or something's shortcomings are their faults, weaknesses or flaws

**detract** *v* when one thing detracts from another, it makes it appear less good or impressive

**intricacy** *n* the state of being comprised of many small parts or details

**lust** *n* a lust for something or someone is a very strong and eager desire to have them

**remote** *adj* remote areas are areas far away from cities and the places where most people live, and are therefore difficult to get to

**refuge** *n* a place where you go to seek safety and protection, or shelter, for example from violence or from bad weather

**shun** *v* to shun someone or something is to deliberately avoid them or keep away from them

**portraiture** *n* portraiture is the art of painting or drawing portraits; portraits are paintings of people

**hooray** *excl.* people often shout 'Hooray!' to express the fact that they are very happy, pleased or excited about something

**grasp** *v* to grasp something that is complicated or difficult to understand is to understand it

**stoat** *n* a stoat is a small, thin, wild animal that has brown fur; some stoats that live in northern Europe have adapted to the climate and have fur that turns white in winter

**whitethroat** *n* common North American finch with a white patch on the throat and a black-and-white striped crown

**flutter** *v* something light such as a small bird or a piece of paper that moves through the air with small, quick movements can be said to flutter

**tit** *n* a small European bird that eats insects and seeds; there are several kinds of tit

**entanglement** *n* a complicated or difficult relationship or situation you find yourself a part of

**factual** *adj* something which is factual is concerned with facts or contains facts, rather than giving theories or personal interpretations; it is known to be true

**concise** *adj* something that is concise says all that it is necessary to say without using any unnecessary words; uses few words to put a point accurately across or express something

**notoriously** *adv* to an infamous degree

**abide by** *v* to abide by a law, agreement, or decision is to do what it says you should do

**rugged** *adj* a rugged area of land is an area of land which is uneven and covered with rocks, with few trees or plants

**akin to** *adj* if you say that one thing is akin to another, you mean that it is similar to it in some way

**chronicler** *n* a person who is an authority on history and who studies it and writes about it

**span** *v* if something is said to span a long period of time, this means it lasts or endures throughout that period of time or relates to that whole period of time in some way

**intimacy** *n* intimacy between two people is an extremely close personal relationship between them

**meticulous** *adj* someone you describe as meticulous does things very carefully, paying great attention to detail

**hefty** *adj* large in size, weight, or amount

**rucksack** *n* a bag with straps that you can put over your shoulders, so that you can carry things on your back, for example when you are walking or climbing or going to school

### Listening, Part 1, p.117

**resent** *v* to resent someone or something is to feel bitter and angry about them

**dump** *v* when something is dumped in a particular place, it is put or left there because it is no longer wanted or needed

**landfill** *n* a landfill is a large, deep hole in which huge quantities of rubbish and waste are buried

**incineration** *n* the act of burning something completely so that there is nothing of it left

**fruition** *n* if something, such as a plan, comes to fruition, it starts to succeed and produce the results that were intended or hoped for

**Listening, Part 2, p. 118**

**reserve** *n* a nature reserve is an area of land where the animals, birds, and plants are officially protected and cannot be hunted

**establish** *v* to establish something such as an organization, a type of activity, or a set of rules is to create it or introduce it in such a way that it is likely to last for a very significant amount of time

**intervene** *v* when you intervene in a situation, you become involved in it by choice and try to change it

**Listening, Part 3, p. 118**

**refrain from** *v* to refrain from doing something is to deliberately not do it

**Listening, Part 4, p. 119**

**poacher** *n* someone who catches and kills animals illegally

# TEST 5

## VOCABULARY EXERCISES

### Exercise A

Choose the correct option (a, b, c, d) which best fits each sentence.

- 1 Undoubtedly, we all ..... acts of sheer violence.  
 a dictate      b deplore      c deduce      d detract
- 2 She looked as pleasant and ..... as always.  
 a serene      b urban      c fragile      d slender

### Exercise B

Fill in the blanks in the following sentences using words from the box below. There are **two extra words** in the box you **do not need** to use. You **cannot change** the words.

**asserted, unleashed, reclaimed, preceded, emerged, inflicted**

- 1 The new evidence that ..... from the investigation suggests that he is guilty.  
 2 The enemies' attack ..... heavy losses to our army.  
 3 He could not restrain himself any longer and he ..... his anger.  
 4 She was the first woman that ..... her rights but soon more followed.

### Exercise C

Fill in the definitions using words from the box below. There are **two extra words** in the box that you **do not need** to use.

**current, proximity, slaughter, hype, vitality, abundance**

- 1 ..... means a situation in which something is discussed a lot.  
 2 ..... means nearness to a place or person.  
 3 ..... means a very large quantity of something.  
 4 ..... means the state of being strong and active; energy.

### Exercise D

Fill in the charts with the derivatives of the given **adjectives**. Then provide one synonym and one antonym.

VERB	NOUN	ADJECTIVE	ADVERB	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
		<b>commercial</b>			
		<b>extensive</b>			
		<b>surpassing</b>			
		<b>misleading</b>			

### Exercise E

Write 4 sentences using the following words: **noncommercial, restricted, insignificant, straightforward**. You must write one sentence for each of these words. Use between **6 and 16 words** in each sentence.

- 1 \_\_\_\_\_  
 2 \_\_\_\_\_  
 3 \_\_\_\_\_  
 4 \_\_\_\_\_

## TEST 6

### Reading and Use of English, Part 1, p. 120

**joyous** *adj* very happy

**enchanted** *adj* if you are enchanted by someone or something, they have the effect of causing you feelings of great delight and pleasure

**transact** *v* to transact business is to enter into a deal with someone, for example by buying or selling something

**rehearse** *v* when people rehearse a play, dance, or piece of music, they practise it in order to perfect it and prepare for a performance or show

**fasten** *v* if you fasten one thing to another, you attach or join the first thing to the second with, for example, a piece of string, tape or rope

**territory** *n* land which is under the control of a particular country or ruler

**penultimate** *adj* the penultimate thing in a series of things is the last but one; the second-to-last thing

**inaugural** *adj* an inaugural event is the first in a series of planned events

### Reading and Use of English, Part 2, p. 120

**humiliation** *n* the embarrassment and shame you feel when someone makes you look stupid, or when you make a mistake, or do something very silly or embarrassing in public

**belt out** *phr.v* if you belt out a song, you sing or play it very loudly with a great deal of enthusiasm

**naff** *adj* if you say that something is naff, you suggest that it is very unfashionable or not very sophisticated

**inner** *adj* a hidden or unacknowledged part of a person's personality

### Reading and Use of English, Part 3, p. 121

**stunning** *adj* a stunning person or thing is extremely beautiful, impressive and striking

**aisle** *n* a long narrow gap for people to walk along between rows of seats in public buildings such as churches or between rows of shelves in a supermarket, or large retail outlets

**exquisite** *adj* extremely beautiful or pleasant, especially in a subtle way

**oversee** *v* if someone in authority oversees a job or an activity, they ensure that it is done in a proper manner

**restoration** *n* the act of returning a building, work of art, etc. to its former good condition

### Reading and Use of English, Part 5, p. 122, 123

**hurdle** *n* a problem, difficulty, or part of a process that may prevent you from achieving something, or make it harder to achieve

**appalling** *adj* something that is appalling is so bad or unpleasant that it really shocks you

**posture** *n* your posture is the position in which you stand or sit

**dire** *adj* dire is used to emphasize how serious or terrible a situation or event is; if something is dire it is awful; dire has negative connotations

**pitch** *n* an area of ground that is marked out and used for playing games, such as soccer, cricket, or hockey

**mottled** *adj* something that is mottled is covered with patches of different colours which do not form a regular pattern

**whack** *v* to whack someone or something is to hit them hard

**lacrosse** *n* a game in which players use long sticks with nets at

the end to catch and throw a small ball in order to try and score goals

**suburban** *adj* relating to a suburb; a suburb is a smaller area of a city outside its centre

**flap** *v* when something, for example a piece of cloth or paper, flaps or if you flap it, it moves quickly up and down or from side to side

**thigh** *n* your thighs are the top parts of your legs, between your knees and your hips

**self-conscious** *adj* someone who is self-conscious is easily embarrassed, or is nervous because they feel that everyone is looking at them and judging them, or they feel that they are the focus of unwanted attention

**tension** *n* the feeling that is produced in a situation when people are anxious and there is a lack of trust between them, and when there is a possibility of sudden violence or conflict arising

**ill at ease** *adj* if you are ill at ease somewhere or with something, you feel rather uncomfortable, anxious, or worried there or with that thing

**unapologetic** *adj* if you are unapologetic, you do not show or say that you are sorry for causing trouble for someone, for hurting them, or for disappointing them; you do not appear to regret your actions

**sneer** *v* if you sneer at someone or something, you express your contempt and lack of respect for them through the expression on your face or by what you say

**nurture** *v* to nurture plans, ideas, or people is to encourage them or help them to develop into something better

**put out** *phr.v* in a sporting competition, to put out a player or team means to defeat them so that they are no longer in the competition; to eliminate them from the competition by being victorious over them

**credit** *v* if you credit someone with a quality, you believe or say that they have it (of a good quality, this is a form of praise)

**tease** *v* to tease someone means to laugh at them, make jokes about them or make fun of them to their face in order to embarrass, annoy, humiliate or upset them

**encouragement** *n* the activity of encouraging someone, or something that is said or done in order to encourage them; to encourage is to give someone confidence to continue in their task, or stick to their belief or behaviour

**appreciate** *v* if you appreciate a situation or problem, you understand and know what is involved in it

**excel** *v* if someone excels in something or excels at it, they are very good at doing it; they do it very well or successfully

**intimidate** *v* to intimidate someone, is to deliberately make them frightened enough to do what you want them to do

### Reading and Use of English, Part 6, p. 124, 125

**filleted** *adj* shortened; some parts have been moved out to keep the pace

**alight** *adj* showing excitement

**ire** *n* anger

**thickened (with)** *adj* overwhelmed (with)

**at full tilt** *expr* as fast as possible

**parody** *n* an imitation of the style of a particular writer, artist, etc. with deliberate exaggeration for comic effect

**vehemence** *n* great forcefulness or intensity of feeling or expression

**sardonic** *adj* showing very little respect in a humorous but unkind way, often because you think that you are too important to consider such a matter

**anguished** *adj* expressing severe mental or physical pain; expressing suffering

**amid** *prep* in the middle of; surrounded by  
**flurry** *n* a flurry of snow is a light fall of snow blown in different directions by the wind; a flurry of activity is a sudden, short period of activity or excitement  
**bout** *n* a short period of intense activity of a specified kind or a contest between antagonists  
**squeaker** *n* a competition that you only just win or lose  
**subservient** *adj* willing to do what other people want, considering your wishes as less important than those of other people  
**fruity** *adj* (US) eccentric or crazy  
**inevitable** *adj* something that you cannot avoid  
**frenetic** *adj* fast and energetic in a wild and uncontrolled way  
**sanity** *n* the ability to think and behave in a normal and rational manner  
**feigned** *adj* pretended; insincere  
**ferocious** *adj* fierce, cruel or violent  
**snarl** *v* say something in an angry, bad-tempered voice  
**square up** *phr v* to prepare to fight, compete, or argue with someone  
**soliloquy** *n* a speech in a play that the character speaks to himself/herself or to the audience rather than to the other characters  
**compelling** *adj* very exciting and very interesting, making you want to watch or listen  
**scintillating** *adj* funny, exciting and clever  
**astuteness** *n* the quality of being able to accurately assess situations or people and turn this to one's own advantage  
**recede** *v* (of a man's hair) to stop growing at the temples (the sides) and above the forehead  
**huskily** *adv* in a way that a voice sounds low-pitched and hoarse  
**portentous** *adj* too serious and trying to be very important

### Reading and Use of English, Part 7, p.126, 127

**DIY (Do It Yourself)** *abbr.* the activity of making, building or repairing things yourself, especially in your home  
**pursuit** *n* your pursuit of something is your attempt to achieve it; if you do something in pursuit of a particular result or goal, you do it in order to achieve that result or goal  
**induce** *v* to induce a state or condition means to cause or create it  
**striking** *adj* something that is striking is very noticeable, unusual or impressive  
**provisional** *adj* you use provisional to describe something such as an agreement that has been arranged, appointed or agreed for the present, but which may be changed in the future  
**vague** *adj* if something is vague, it does not express things in a very clear way  
**ephemeral** *adj* to describe something as ephemeral is to say that it lasts for only a very short amount of time  
**fleeting** *adj* fleeting is used to describe something which lasts for only a very short amount of time  
**contemporary** *adj* contemporary things are modern and relate to the present time; they are up to date  
**pebble** *n* a small, smooth, round stone which is commonly found on beaches and at the bottom of rivers and other water-courses  
**pilgrimage** *n* a journey that someone makes to a place which is very important to them for some reason  
**bleak** *adj* if you describe a place as bleak, you mean that it looks cold, depressing, empty, and unattractive  
**shingle** *n* (as modifier) a mass of small round pebbles, especially on a seashore (shingle banks)  
**nuclear** *adj* nuclear means of or relating to the nuclei of atoms,

or to the energy released in any process in which these nuclei are split or combined  
**intimate** *adj* if you use intimate to describe an occasion or the atmosphere of a place, you like it because it is quiet and pleasant, and seems suitable for close conversations between friends or for the purpose of dating  
**splash** *n* a splash of a liquid is a small amount of it that falls or drops on something or is added to something  
**interpretation** *n* an interpretation of something is an opinion or view about what it means  
**sketchy** *adj* sketchy information about something does not include many details and is therefore incomplete, inadequate or unclear  
**hue** *n* a colour or shade of colour  
**inference** *n* an inference is a conclusion which you draw about something by using information that you already have about it  
**vehicle** *n* you can use the word vehicle to refer to something that you use in order to achieve a particular purpose or objective  
**intriguing** *adj* if you describe someone or something as intriguing, you mean that they are interesting, curious or strange  
**endure** *v* if something endures, it continues to exist without any loss in quality or importance; it lasts a long time  
**rational** *adj* rational decisions and thoughts are based on reason and logic rather than on emotion or feeling  
**innocence** *n* the quality of having no or little experience or knowledge of the more complex or unpleasant aspects of life; purity  
**intricate** *adj* intricate is used to describe something that has many small parts or details  
**painstakingly** *adv* to do something painstakingly is to do it in a manner that involves a great amount of care, effort and attention to detail  
**brickwork** *n* you can refer to the bricks in the walls of a building collectively as the brickwork  
**discipline** *n* the quality of being able to behave and work in a controlled and effective way which involves obeying particular rules or standards or directions  
**precision** *n* if you do something with precision, you do it exactly as it should be done with a great deal of care  
**depiction** *n* a depiction of something is a picture, image or a written description of it  
**curator** *n* someone who is in charge of the objects or works of art in a museum or art gallery  
**juxtapose** *v* if you juxtapose two contrasting objects, images, or ideas, you place them together or describe them together, so that the differences between them are highlighted  
**witty** *adj* someone or something that is witty is amusing, entertaining or humorous in a clever way  
**carnation** *n* a carnation is a plant with white, pink, or red flowers  
**prestige** *n* if a person, a country, or an organization has prestige, they are admired and respected because of the position they hold or the things they have done or achieved  
**razzmatazz** *n* a noisy and showy display

### Reading and Use of English, Part 8, p.128, 129

**thoughtless** *adj* to describe someone as thoughtless is to be critical of them for not showing concern for other people's needs, wants or feelings, or for acting in a reckless way without thinking about how the consequences of their actions will affect other people  
**substantial** *adj* substantial means large in amount or degree; significant

**impact** *n* the impact that something has on a situation, process, or person is the powerful, and often sudden, effect that it has on them

**medium** *n* a way or means of expressing your ideas, of getting your ideas across or of communicating with people

**interior** *adj* the interior is the inside part of something such as a house

**chalk and cheese** *expr* if you say that two people or things are like chalk and cheese, you are emphasizing that they are completely different from each other, either on one issue or in one particular way they behave, or in general

**abstract** *adj* an abstract idea or way of thinking is one that is based on general or broad ideas rather than on real things and events

**conceptual** *adj* connected with ideas and concepts formed in the mind

**deflect** *v* to deflect something that is moving is to make it go in a different direction, often by hitting or blocking it

**sheen** *n* something which has a sheen, has a smooth and gentle brightness on its surface; a shine

**temper** *v* to mix oil with colours in making paint ready to use; to add one substance to another in order to modify the properties of the first

**wax** *n* a solid, slightly shiny substance made of fat or oil used in the making of candles and polish that melts when quickly heated

**mottled** *adj* something that is mottled is covered with patches of different colours which do not form a regular pattern or design

**opaque** *adj* if an object or substance is opaque, you cannot see through it; it is not transparent

**smack** *v* to have a taste, flavour or suggestion of something

**solidity** *n* the quality or state of being strong and not likely to collapse or fall over

**impasto** *n* the thick application of a pigment to a canvas or panel in painting

**picturesque** *adj* a picturesque place is attractive, pleasing to the eye and interesting, and has no ugly modern buildings to spoil it

**underbelly** *n* the underbelly of something is the part of it that can be most easily attacked or criticized; the most vulnerable part of something

**bereft** *adj* not having something or feeling great loss; deprived of or lacking something

**voracious** *adj* to describe a person, or their appetite for something as voracious is to suggest that they want or desire a lot of something

**haphazard** *adj* if you describe something as haphazard, you are critical of it because it is not at all organized or well-planned

**retrospective** *adj* a retrospective is an exhibition or showing of work done by an artist over many years, rather than an exhibition focusing on his or her most recent work

**elucidate** *v* to elucidate something, is to make it very clear and easy to understand

**erroneous** *adj* beliefs, opinions, or methods that are erroneous are incorrect, only partly correct, or mistaken

**poignant** *adj* something that is poignant affects you very deeply and makes you feel sadness or regret; if something is poignant, it is very moving

**evoke** *v* to evoke a particular memory, idea, emotion, or response is to cause it to occur

**subtle** *adj* capable of showing or making fine distinctions of meaning

**clarity** *n* the clarity of something, such as a book, is its quality of being well explained, and, as a consequence, simple to understand

**exiled** *adj* a person living in a foreign country because they are not allowed to live in their own country, usually for political reasons

**dispossess** *v* if you are dispossessed of something that you own, especially land or buildings, it is taken away from you and is no longer your property

**inalienably** *adv* if you say that someone has an inalienable right to something, you are highlighting the fact that they have a right to it which cannot be changed, taken away or infringed

**homage** *n* respect shown towards someone or something you admire for some reason, or towards a person in a position of authority or power

**immensely** *adv* immensely is used to emphasize the degree or extent of a quality, feeling, or process; if something is immensely successful, it is very successful or successful to a high degree

**coherent** *adj* if something is coherent, it is well-planned, so that it is clear and sensible and all its parts fit well together

**assemblage** *n* an assemblage of people or things is a collection or gathering of them

**terrain** *n* an area of land or a type of land when one is considering its physical characteristics

**suffuse** *v* if something, in particular a colour or feeling, suffuses a person or thing, it gradually spreads all over or through them

**ethereal** *adj* ethereal means unrelated to practical things and reality

**vapour** *n* vapour is comprised of tiny drops of water or other liquids in the air, which appear as a mist

**incandescent** *adj* to describe someone or something as incandescent is to suggest that they are very lively and impressive

**swathe** *n* a swathe is a long strip of something, for example land

**haunting** *adj* haunting sounds, images, or words remain in your thoughts for longer than normal due to their being very beautiful or sad

**elemental** *adj* showing the powers of nature; relating to the elements (strong winds, heavy rain and other kinds of bad weather)

**reflective** *adj* relating to or characterised by deep thought

**study** *n* a piece of work, especially a drawing, done for practice or as an experiment

**seething** *adj* foaming, as if boiling

**churning** *adj* mixing or moving something with great force

**auction** *v* if something is auctioned, it is sold at auction

**shortfall** *n* if there is a shortfall in something, there is less of it than you require

**wrath** *n* wrath is extreme anger

**foolhardy** *adj* if you describe behaviour as foolhardy, you do not approve of it because it is extremely risky or stupid

**at a whim** *prep.phr* a whim is a wish or desire to do or have something; this wish or desire seems to have no serious reason or purpose behind it, and often occurs all of a sudden

**arch** *adj* arch combines with various nouns referring to people to form new nouns that refer to people who are extreme examples of something; for example, your arch-enemy is your biggest enemy

**rival** *n* your rival is a person, business, or organization with which you are competing or fighting against for the same thing or in the same area

**aptly** *adv* in a suitable or appropriate way

**depict** *v* to depict someone or something means to show or

represent them in a work of art, for example a drawing or painting

**enable** *v* when someone or something enables you to do a particular thing, they give or allow you the opportunity to do it

**painstakingly** *adv* when a search, examination, or investigation is done extremely carefully and thoroughly, with a great deal of effort involved, it is done painstakingly

**illusion** *n* something that appears to exist or be a particular thing but which does not actually exist or is in reality something different

**resident** *n* a resident in a country or place is someone who lives there

**unrest** *n* when there is unrest in a particular place or society, people are expressing anger and dissatisfaction about something, and in many cases they vent their frustration by demonstrating or rioting

**subvert** *v* to subvert something is to destroy its power and influence

**eclectic** *adj* an eclectic collection of objects, ideas, or beliefs is wide-ranging, full of variety and comes from many different sources

### Listening, Part 1, p.131

**conceited** *adj* to suggest that someone is conceited is to indicate your disapproval of the fact that they are far too proud of their abilities or achievements

**obstinate** *adj* if you describe someone as obstinate, you are being critical of them because they are very determined to do what they want to do, and refuse to change their mind or be persuaded to take an alternative course of action; to be obstinate is to be stubborn

**timid** *adj* timid people are shy, nervous, and have little or no courage or belief in themselves

**overrated** *adj* if you say that something or someone is overrated, you mean that you think people have a higher opinion of them than what they actually deserve

### Listening, Part 2, p.132

**naturalist** *adj* a naturalist is a person who studies plants, animals, insects, and other living organisms

### Listening, Part 3, p.132

**vague** *adj* if you have a vague memory or idea of something, the memory or idea is present but is not at all clear

**supervise** *v* if you supervise an activity or a person, you make sure that the activity is conducted properly or that the person is carrying out a task or behaving correctly

**strenuous** *adj* a strenuous activity or action requires a great deal of energy or effort to be put into it

**insomnia** *n* a person who suffers from insomnia finds it very difficult to sleep

**fulfil (or fulfill)** *v* if you fulfil something such as a promise, dream, or hope, you do or achieve what you said, hoped or intended you would

**potential** *n* if you say that someone or something has potential for doing a particular thing, you mean that it is possible that they might do that particular thing; if something has the potential to happen, it may happen

# TEST 6

## VOCABULARY EXERCISES

### Exercise A

Choose the correct option (a, b, c, d) which best fits each sentence.

- 1 The ..... of his arguments worked in his favour.  
 a discipline      b precision      c depiction      d solidity
- 2 The future seemed rather ..... and discouraging.  
 a bleak      b sketchy      c intriguing      d intricate

### Exercise B

Fill in the blanks in the following sentences using words from the box below. There are **two extra words** in the box you **do not** need to use. You **cannot change** the words.

**transact, sneer, nurture, intimidate, endure, evoke**

- 1 The thought of being left alone did not ..... him. He was fearless.  
 2 The thoughts about her ex-husband still ..... strong feelings in her.  
 3 He knew he could ..... all difficulties as long as his family was safe.  
 4 Her single obligation was to ..... her children and then watch them succeed.

### Exercise C

Fill in the definitions using words from the box below. There are **two extra words** in the box that you **do not** need to use.

**restoration, vehemence, astuteness, interpretation, homage, shortfall**

- 1 ..... means the quality of being able to accurately assess situations or people.  
 2 ..... means great forcefulness or intensity of feeling or expression.  
 3 ..... means respect shown towards someone or something you admire for some reason.  
 4 ..... means the act of returning a building, work of art, etc. to its former good condition.

### Exercise D

Fill in the charts with the derivatives of the given **adjectives**. Then provide one synonym and one antonym.

VERB	NOUN	ADJECTIVE	ADVERB	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
		unapologetic			
		thoughtless			
		substantial			
		rational			

### Exercise E

Write 4 sentences using the following words: **apologetic, thoughtful, inadequate, irrational**. You must write one sentence for each of these words. Use between **6** and **16** words in each sentence.

- 1 \_\_\_\_\_  
 2 \_\_\_\_\_  
 3 \_\_\_\_\_  
 4 \_\_\_\_\_

# TEST 7

## Reading and Use of English, Part 1, p.134

**dental** *adj* the term dental is used to describe things which relate to teeth or to the care and treatment of teeth

**relish** *v* if you relish the idea, thought, or prospect of (doing) something, you look forward to (doing) it very much

**mortgage** *n* a loan of money which you get from a bank, building society or other financial institution in order to purchase a house or property

**queue** *n* a line of people or vehicles that are waiting for something or to do something

**NHS (National Health Service)** *abbr* the publicly funded health care system in the United Kingdom

**access** *n* having access to something, such as information or equipment, is having the opportunity or right to see it or use it

**overwhelmed** *adj* if you are overwhelmed by a feeling or event or situation, it affects you very strongly, and you find it difficult to cope or deal with

**preventative** *adj* preventative actions are intended to help prevent or stop things, such as disease or crime from happening

**beneficial** *adj* something that is beneficial helps people or makes a positive difference to their lives

**accustomed** *adj* if you are accustomed to something, you know it so well or have experienced it so often that it seems natural, unsurprising, or easy to deal with; to be accustomed to something is to be very familiar with it

**allowance** *n* an amount of money (usually a fixed amount) that is given to someone, on a regular basis, in order to help them pay for the things that they need

**commencement** *n* the commencement of something is its beginning or the start of it

**shallow** *adj* a shallow container, hole, or area of water measures only a short distance from the top to the bottom; is not very deep

**implication** *n* the implications of something are the things that are likely to happen as a result of it; the results or consequences

**anticipate** *v* if you anticipate an event, you recognize in advance that it may happen and you get yourself prepared for it

## Reading and Use of English, Part 2, p.134

**disconcerting** *adj* if you say that something is disconcerting, you mean that it makes you feel anxious, confused, or embarrassed, or that it is troubling or worrying for you - a cause of concern

**grope** *v* if you grope for something, for example the solution to a particular problem, you try to think of it, even though you have no real idea what the solution might be

**vanish** *v* if someone or something vanishes, they disappear suddenly or in a manner which cannot readily be explained

**lapse** *n* a lapse of something such as concentration is a temporary lack of that thing, and this can often cause a person to make a mistake; a lapse of judgement is a misjudgement made by a person who normally makes good decisions

**dementia** *n* a serious illness of the mind

**decline** *v* when something declines, it becomes less or reduces in quantity, importance, strength or value

**cruel** *adj* a situation or event that is cruel is very harsh and causes people distress or extreme discomfort

**perspective** *n* a particular way of thinking about or viewing something, especially a way that is influenced by your personal

beliefs or experiences

**blip** *n* a blip in a situation is a sudden but temporary change, problem or interruption

**deterioration** *n* the state of becoming worse in some way

## Reading and Use of English, Part 3, p.135

**trigger** *v* if something triggers an event or situation, it is the cause of it; it causes it to happen or begin

**binge** *n* if you go on a binge, you do too much of something, such as drinking alcohol, eating, or spending money; you do something to excess

**crave** *v* if you crave something, you want or desire to have it a great deal

**disciplined** *adj* someone who is disciplined behaves or works in a very controlled and deliberate manner

**the odds are stacked against you** *expr* if you say that the odds are stacked against someone, or that particular factors are stacked against them, you suggest that it is unlikely that they will succeed in what they are doing due to unfavourable circumstances

**obese** *adj* if someone is obese, they are extremely fat; very overweight

**palatable** *adj* if you describe food or drink as palatable, you mean that it has a very favourable or pleasant taste

**bland** *adj* food that is bland is lacking flavour

**guilty** *adj* if someone is guilty of doing something wrong, they have committed that wrongful act

**reinforce** *v* if something or someone reinforces a feeling, situation, or process, they make it stronger or more intense, or support it

## Reading and Use of English, Part 5, p.136, 137

**trainer** *n* trainers are shoes that people wear often, either casually or for running and other sports (also known as runners)

**peak** *n* the peak of something such as a process or an activity is the point at which it is at its strongest, most successful, or most fully developed

**lag** *v* if one thing or person lags behind another thing or person, their progress is not as speedy as that of the other thing or person

**capacity** *n* your capacity for something is your ability to do it, or the amount of it that you are capable of doing

**head start** *n* to have a head start on other people is to have an advantage over them in something, such as a competition or race

**pursuit** *n* your pursuit of something is your attempts at achieving it; and if you do something in pursuit of a particular result or goal, you do it in order to achieve that particular result or goal

**broaden** *v* when you broaden something, such as your experience, mind or popularity, the number of things (or people) that it includes increases

**appeal** *n* the appeal of something is a quality or characteristic that it has which people find attractive, interesting or likeable

**sedentary** *adj* someone who leads a sedentary lifestyle or has a sedentary job, sits down a lot of the time and does not take much exercise; is not very active

**discipline** *n* a particular area or field of study, especially a subject of study in third level education

**sulky** *adj* when someone is silent and refuses to smile or be pleasant to people because he or she is angry about something these people have done

**nagging** *n* frequently telling someone to do something in a way that annoys them, or frequently criticizing someone, especially

for habits or qualities that are difficult to change  
**slouch** *v* if someone slouches, they sit or stand with their shoulders and head bent so that they appear lazy and unattractive

**adamant** *adj* if someone is adamant about something, they are determined not to change their mind about it, or they are quite sure that something is correct

**shell out** *phr.v* if you shell out for something, you pay a lot of money to buy it

**aggravate** *v* if someone or something aggravates a situation, they make it worse than it was before

**scrap** *v* if you scrap something, such as a car or a plan, you get rid of it (car) or cancel it (plan)

**ban** *v* to ban something is to state in an official manner and capacity that it must not be done, shown, or used

**resent** *v* if you resent someone or something, you feel bitter, upset and angry with them

**practise what you preach** *phr* when you say that someone practises what they preach, you mean that they behave in the way that they encourage other people to behave in, or that they behave in a way which they themselves suggest is the correct way to behave; if someone practises what they preach, they are not a hypocrite

### Reading and Use of English, Part 6, p.138, 139

**cookie** *n* a person of the type mentioned (a tough/smart cookie)

**clinching** *adj* confirmed

**chum** *n* a close friend

**speculate** *v* to form a theory about a subject without firm evidence

**posit** *v* to suggest something as a basic fact from which a further idea is developed

**shtick** *n* a particular attitude or way of behaving

**atrocious** *adj* of very bad quality

**irksome** *adj* annoying

**blind-sided** *adj* very surprised

**by the baggage trailed in his wake** *expr* by his reputation

**eminence grise** *n* someone without an official position who has influence over rulers or people who make decisions

**cheery** *adj* bright and happy

**foodie** *n* a person with a particular interest in food

**macho** *adj* showing no emotion or behaving forcefully in a way traditionally thought to be typical of a man

**convergence** *n* a situation in which people or things gradually become the same or similar

**fathom** *v* to understand something (e.g. a difficult problem) after much thought

**lace** *n* decorative cloth made by twisting thin thread in delicate patterns with holes in them

**pinfore** (informal **pinny**) *n* a piece of clothing worn by women over the front of other clothes to keep them clean while cooking or cleaning

**grotty** *adj* dirty, unpleasant or of bad quality

**down-at-heel** *adj* looking old and no longer in good condition

**raffish** *adj* not following usual social standards of behaviour or appearance, usually in a careless and attractive way

**swagger** *n* arrogant behaviour

**inference** *n* a conclusion reached on the basis of evidence or reasoning

### Reading and Use of English, Part 7, p.140, 141

**earth-shattering** *adj* something that is earth-shattering is very surprising or shocking

**feat** *n* if you refer to an action, or the result of an action, as a

feat, you think highly of it due to the fact that it is an impressive and difficult achievement

**urge** *n* to have an urge to do or have something is to have a strong wish or desire to do or have it

**engage with** *v* if you engage with something or with a group of people, you get involved with that thing or group and feel that you are connected with it or have real and meaningful contact with it

**influence** *n* to have an influence on people or situations is to affect what they do, their actions, beliefs or what happens

**competent** *adj* someone who is competent is efficient and effective in carrying out a particular task

**fashion** *n* to do something in a particular fashion or after a particular fashion is to do it in that manner

**transfixed** *adj* to be transfixed by something is for it to capture all of your interest or attention, so that you are unable to think about anything else or unable to act

**slice** *n* the word slice can be used to refer to a part of a situation or activity

**abolition** *n* the abolition of something, such as a system or practice, is the formal or official ending of it

**slavery** *n* the system by which people are owned by other people as their slaves; slaves are owned and controlled by other people and are not allowed to exercise their own free will

**spark** *n* a tiny bright piece of burning material that flies up from something that is burning

**rage** *n* strong anger that is difficult to keep under control

**ebb** *v* if someone's life, support, or feeling ebbs, it becomes weaker and disappears over time

**despondent** *adj* if you are despondent, you are very unhappy, even depressed, due to the fact that you have been experiencing difficulties or problems that you think you will be unable to overcome

**impact** *n* the impact that something has on a situation, process, or person is a powerful, and often sudden, effect that it has on them

**longevity** *n* long life

**dabble** *v* if you dabble in something, you participate in it but not in a serious manner

**sideline** *v* if someone or something is sidelined, they are made to seem unimportant and excluded from what other people are doing

**indulgence** *n* treating someone with special kindness or giving someone special treats, often when it is not a good thing

**settle on** *phr.v* if you settle on a particular thing, you choose it after considering other possible options

**reawaken** *v* when something reawakens an issue, or an interest or feeling that you used to have, it makes you start to think about it or feel it again, usually after you have not thought about or felt it for a long time

**fist** *n* your hand may be referred to as your fist when you have bent your fingers in towards the palm in order to hit someone, make an angry gesture, or hold something; your fist is your closed hand

**feedback loop** *n* a situation where part of the output of a situation is used for new input

**interpret** *v* if you interpret something in a particular way, you make up your mind that this is its meaning or significance

**surge** *n* a sudden and great increase of something

**under-emotive** *adj* not feeling emotions as strongly as you would be expected to or should; lacking emotion

**pleasurable** *adj* pleasurable experiences or sensations are very pleasant, agreeable and enjoyable

**hefty** *adj* to be hefty is to be large in size, weight, or amount

**ruthlessness** *n* cruelty that someone shows (towards others) in order to achieve a particular outcome or goal

**muster** *v* if you muster something, such as support, strength, or energy, you gather as much of it as you possibly can for a specific purpose

**boost** *v* when one thing boosts another, it causes it to increase, improve, or be more successful

**coach** *n* someone who trains a person or team of people in a particular sport or pursuit

**ignite** *v* when you ignite something or when it ignites, it starts to burn or explodes

### Reading and Use of English, Part 8, p.142, 143

**hygiene** *n* the practice of maintaining the cleanliness of yourself and your surroundings, especially in order to prevent illness or the spread of diseases

**confession** *n* if you make a confession of your beliefs or feelings, you publicly tell people what it is that you believe or feel

**flexible** *adj* something or someone that is flexible is able to change or adapt easily to a variety of conditions and circumstances as they occur

**reassess** *v* if you reassess something, you think about it again or reconsider it and decide whether you need to change your opinion about it, or the manner in which you deal with it

**turnover** *n* the turnover of a company is the value of the goods or services that it sells during a particular period of time

**dip** *v* if you dip your hand into a container or dip into the container, you put your hand into the container in order to get something out of it

**grubby** *adj* a grubby person or object is quite dirty

**eatery** *n* (informal) a restaurant

**preventable** *adj* preventable diseases, illnesses, or deaths can be prevented or stopped from occurring

**minority** *n* the term minority refers to a group of people of common race, culture, or religion who live in a place where most of the people around them are of a different race, culture, or religion

**oversensitive** *adj* something or someone that is oversensitive to a physical force, substance, or treatment is very easily affected by it and often harmed or hurt by it

**stimulus** *n* a stimulus is something that encourages or produces activity in people or things

**threshold** *n* a threshold is an amount, level, or limit on a scale, and when a threshold is reached, something will happen or change in some way

**dosage** *n* a dosage is the amount of a medicine or drug that someone is administered, or the amount that someone takes or should take at any one time or in any one go

**hooked** *adj* if you are hooked on a drug, you are addicted to it and cannot quit your habit

**blase** *adj* if a person is blase about something, usually something that most people consider important or would care about, they are not interested in it, and do not care or worry about it

**premise** *n* something that you suppose is true and which you use as a basis for developing another idea

**detox** *n* when you stop taking unhealthy or harmful foods, drinks, or drugs into your body for a period of time in order to improve your health; the process of removing harmful substances from your body by eating only particular foods (a detox diet)

**underestimate** *v* if you underestimate something, you do not realize how large, great, important or significant it is or will be

**liver** *n* your liver is a large organ in your body which processes your blood and helps to cleanse it of unwanted substances

**kidney** *n* your kidneys are the organs in your body that collect waste matter from your blood and send it out of your body as urine

**secrete** *v* if part of a plant, animal, or human secretes a liquid, it produces it

**irrational** *adj* if you describe someone's feelings and behaviour as irrational, you mean they are not based on logical reasons or clear thinking

**exclude** *v* if you exclude something that has some link or connection with what you are doing, you purposely do not use or consider it

**bile** *n* a liquid that is produced by the liver which helps you to digest fat

**digestion** *n* digestion is the process of processing food in order to be assimilated into the body

**absorption** *n* the absorption of a liquid, gas, or other substance is the process of it being soaked up or taken in by something

**virtual** *adj* a virtual trainer is an online trainer

**tailor** *v* if you tailor something such as a plan or system to someone's needs, you make it suitable for a particular person, or to perform a particular purpose, by altering the details of it

**cost-effective** *adj* something that is cost-effective saves or makes a lot of money in comparison with the costs of running, producing or doing it

**commit** *v* if you commit yourself to something, you indicate your clear intention to do it

**cyberspace** *n* in computer technology, cyberspace refers to data banks and networks, considered as a place or a type of virtual reality

**keep tabs on** *expr* if someone keeps tabs on you, they check up on you and make sure that they always know where you are and what you are doing, often in order to keep control of you

**sozzled** *adj* (humorous) very drunk

**consumption** *n* the consumption of food or drink is the act of eating or drinking something, or the quantity that is eaten or drunk

### Listening, Part 2, p.146

**abnormal** *adj* someone or something that is abnormal is unusual or strange, especially in a way that is concerning

**tense** *v* if your muscles tense, if you tense, or if you tense your muscles, your muscles tighten and become stiff, often because you are anxious or scared

**actively** *adv* in an effective and energetic way

**hyperventilation** *n* if someone hyperventilates, they begin to breathe very rapidly in an uncontrollable manner, usually because they are very scared, anxious, tired, or excited

**herb** *n* a plant whose leaves are used in cooking so as to add flavour to food to make it taste better, or as a medicine

**spoil** *v* if you spoil something, you prevent it from being as successful or satisfactory as it should have been

**inhibit** *v* to inhibit someone from doing something means to stop them from doing it or make it harder for them to do it, even though they want to do it or should be able to and allowed to do it

### Listening, Part 4, p.147

**attendant** *n* an attendant is someone whose job it is to serve or assist people in a place like a petrol station, a car park, or a cloakroom

**convenience food** *n* convenience food is frozen, dried, or canned food that can be heated and prepared very fast and without requiring much effort

# TEST 7

## VOCABULARY EXERCISES

### Exercise A

Choose the correct option (a, b, c, d) which best fits each sentence.

- 1 The strength of this book is that the reader cannot easily ..... what will happen next.  
 a relish                      b grope                      c reawaken                      d speculate
- 2 It is not our intention to ..... the political tension between the two nations.  
 a vanish                      b decline                      c aggravate                      d scrap

### Exercise B

Fill in the blanks in the following sentences using words from the box below. There are **two extra words** in the box you **do not** need to use. You **cannot change** the words.

**commencement, lapse, convergence, inference, abolition, ruthlessness**

- 1 All applicants should be 16 years of age at the ..... of this course.  
 2 The main ..... to be drawn from her words is that she did not want to be part of this.  
 3 The ..... of slavery was one of the proudest moments in American history.  
 4 His ..... was beyond comparison when it came to conquering nations.

### Exercise C

Fill in the definitions using words from the box below. There are **two extra words** in the box that you **do not** need to use.

**overwhelmed, disconcerting, adamant, competent, irrational, virtual**

- 1 ..... means making you feel anxious, confused, or embarrassed.  
 2 ..... means efficient and effective in carrying out a particular task.  
 3 ..... means determined not to change your mind about something.  
 4 ..... means affected very strongly by something and not knowing how to deal with it.

### Exercise D

Fill in the charts with the derivatives of the given **adjectives**. Then provide one synonym and one antonym.

VERB	NOUN	ADJECTIVE	ADVERB	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
		preventative			
		beneficial			
		pleasurable			
		competent			

### Exercise E

Write **4 sentences** using the following words: **curative, detrimental, disagreeable, inadequate**  
 You must write one sentence for each of these words. Use between **6** and **16** words in each sentence.

- 1 \_\_\_\_\_  
 2 \_\_\_\_\_  
 3 \_\_\_\_\_  
 4 \_\_\_\_\_

## TEST 8

### Reading and Use of English, Part 1, p. 148

**ramjet** *n* a ramjet airplane engine designed for hypersonic flight that burns fuel in the supersonic airstream produced by the plane

**splashdown** *n* the landing of a spacecraft in the sea at the end of a flight

**propulsion** *n* the power that causes something, especially a vehicle, to move in a forward direction

**margin** *n* the difference between two amounts, in particular the difference in the number of votes or points between the winner and the loser in an election or other contest of some sort

**reconnaissance** *n* the process of obtaining military information about a specific place by sending soldiers or planes there, or through the use of satellite technology

**inaugural** *adj* an inaugural meeting or speech represents the first meeting of a new organization or group or the first speech by the new leader of an organization or a country

**instigate** *v* if you instigate an event, you cause it to happen

**dawn** *v* when something is dawning, this means it is beginning to develop or to be brought into existence; the dawn of something new, is the start or beginning of it

**ratio** *n* the ratio of something to something else is the relationship between two things when it is expressed in numbers or amounts

**put in perspective** *phr* to put something in perspective or into perspective, is to judge its real importance by considering it in relation to or in comparison with everything else

**breakneck** *adj* to say that something happens or travels at breakneck speed, is to say that it happens or travels very quickly

**premature** *adj* something that is premature happens earlier than usual or than expected

**belated** *adj* a belated action is one that happens later than when it was supposed to

**thaw** *v* to abandon aloofness, reserve or hostility; if a relationship between two people thaws, it becomes more agreeable and friendly than before

**liquidize** *v* if you liquidize food, you process it using an electrical appliance in order to turn it from a solid into a liquid

**amplify** *v* to amplify something means to give it more strength or intensity

**diminish** *v* something which diminishes, or which is diminished by something else, decreases in size, importance, or intensity

### Reading and Use of English, Part 2, p. 148

**vast** *adj* if something is described as vast, it is extremely large

**house** *v* if something houses something else, it contains it

**in earnest** *phr* with a great deal of enthusiasm and energy

**tablet** *n* a computer you use by touching the screen rather than using the keyboard

**swirl** *v* if you swirl something liquid or something which flows, or if it swirls, it moves round and round quickly

**chunk** *n* a chunk of something is a large amount, piece or part of it

**flick** *v* when something flicks in a particular direction, or if someone flicks it, it moves with a short, abrupt movement in that particular direction

**scroll** *v* if you scroll through text on a computer screen, you manipulate the text up or down in order to find the precise information that you need

**train of thought** *n* the train of thought refers to the interconnection in the sequence of ideas expressed during a connected conversation or thought, in addition to the sequence itself, and, especially, in discussion how this sequence leads from one idea to another

**tangible** *adj* if something is tangible, it is sufficiently clear or definite to be seen, felt, or noticed easily

**unveil** *v* if you unveil a plan, new product, or some other thing that has been kept secret or hidden from public view, you introduce it to the members of the public at large

**declare** *v* if you declare something, you make a formal and official declaration or statement of its existence or of the fact that you believe it to be the case

**interface** *n* if you refer to the user interface of a particular piece of computing software, you are describing its presentation on screen and the ease with which it can be operated

**morph** *v* when one thing morphs into another thing, especially something which is very different, the first thing transforms into the second

**equation** *n* a situation in which two or more parts have to be considered together so that the whole situation can be clearly grasped or explained

**novelty** *n* a novelty is something which is interesting by way of its newness

**concept** *n* an idea or abstract principle

### Reading and Use of English, Part 3, p. 149

**gravity** *n* the force which causes things to drop to the ground; the force of attraction by which things tend to fall towards the centre of the earth

**sledge** *n* an object which is used for travelling across snow-covered areas of land, consisting of a framework with slides on two strips of wood or metal

**spur** *v* if one thing spurs you to do another, it encourages you or gives you the motivation, belief and energy to do it

### Reading and Use of English, Part 5, p. 150, 151

**e-assessment** *n* the use of information technology for any assessment-related activity, for example on-screen testing or computer-based testing

**invigilator** *n* someone who supervises the people who are taking an examination in order to make sure that it starts and finishes at the correct time, and that it is conducted in the correct manner with no cheating going on

**on hand** *prep. phr.* if someone or something is on hand, they are near and ready to be used or to provide help if they are required

**longhand** *n* when you write something down in longhand, you write it by hand using complete words and normal letters rather than typing it on a word processor or using shortened forms or special symbols; you write it out word-for-word in your own handwriting

**kick in** *phr. v* to come into effect, or operation

**divvy up** *phr. v* if you divvy up something, such as money or food, you share it out or you distribute it equally among the members of your group

**component** *n* the component parts of something are the parts of which it is comprised

**nuanced** *adj* taking account of, or including small but important differences

**feedback** *n* if you get feedback on your work or progress, someone tells you how well or badly you are performing, and how you could improve your performance

**tailor** *v* if you tailor something such as a plan or system to someone's needs, you make it more suitable for a particular person or purpose by changing the details or structure of it.

**reckon** *v* to consider that something has a particular quality or characteristic

**iron out** *phr.v* if you iron out difficulties, you resolve them so that they are no longer an issue

**script** *n* any written material

**self-defeating** *adj* a plan or action that is self-defeating is destined to cause problems or difficulties instead of producing useful results or success, or the desired effects

**concede** *v* to concede something is to admit, often unwillingly, that it is true, valid or correct

**IT – Information Technology** *abbr.* a broad subject that is concerned with aspects of managing, editing and processing information

**curriculum** *n* the subjects studied in a school, college, or university and what each subject includes

**implement** *v* if you implement something such as a plan, you make sure that what has been planned is done, carried out or brought to fruition

**instantaneously** *adv* immediately and very quickly

**foolproof** *adj* something, such as a plan or a machine, that is foolproof is so well designed and easy to understand or use that it cannot possibly go wrong or be used in an incorrect manner

**dumb down** *phr.v* if you dumb down something, you make it easier for people to understand it; dumbing-down tends to be used to have a negative meaning and implies that something has been oversimplified and so spoiled

**inherently** *adv* in an innate way

**rigorous** *adj* a test, system, or procedure that is rigorous is one that is comprehensive and strict

**initiate** *v* if you initiate something, you start it or make it happen

**utilization** *n* the use of something

**comprehensive** *adj* something that is comprehensive includes everything that is required or relevant

### Reading and Use of English, Part 6, p.152, 153

**in vain** *phr* unsuccessfully

**grunge** *n* a type of rock music and a fashion for untidy clothes, popular in the early 90s

**haughty** *adj* you are unfriendly and you think that you are better than other people

**lairy** *adj* (very informal) bright or loud in an unpleasant way

**weirdo** *n* someone who behaves in a way that seems strange

**mendicant** *n* someone who belongs to a religious group and lives by asking the public for food or money

**catapult** *v* to suddenly experience a particular state, e.g. becoming famous

**incongruity** *n* the quality of being very different to other things and therefore appearing to be strange

**emblazoned** *adj* printed, drawn, or decorated in a noticeable way

**predecessor** *n* somebody or something that has been replaced by somebody else or something else

**heyday** *n* the period when somebody is most successful

**alas** *adv* unfortunately, regrettably

### Reading and Use of English, Part 7, p.154, 155

**amid** *prep* something which is amid other things is surrounded by them

**rubble** *n* when a building is destroyed, the pieces of brick,

stone, or other materials that remain are referred to collectively as rubble

**mound** *n* a mound of something can be described as a large rounded pile of it

**debris** *n* pieces from something that has been partially destroyed or pieces of rubbish, waste or unwanted material that are spread out on the ground in random directions

**tread** *n* the tread of a tyre or shoe is the pattern of thin lines cut into its surface which helps to stop it from slipping

**shift** *v* if you shift something or if it shifts, it moves but only slightly

**lens** *n* a lens is a thin curved piece of glass or plastic used in things such as cameras, telescopes, and pairs of glasses; you look through a lens so as to make things look larger, smaller, or clearer

**vantage point** *n* a position from which you can see things well

**co-chair** *n* if you are a co-chair in a meeting or a committee, you are one of the people in charge of it

**coordinate** *v* to negotiate with others in order to work together effectively

**disarmingly** *adv* in a way that makes you feel less angry, hostile or upset than you were

**casual** *adj* if you are casual, you are, or you feign to be, relaxed and not very worried about what is happening or what you are doing

**appalled** *adj* if you are appalled by something, you are shocked or disgusted due to the fact that it is so bad or unpleasant

**clumsy** *adj* a clumsy person moves or handles things in a careless, awkward way, often leading to things being knocked over, damaged or broken

**application** *n* the application of a rule or piece of knowledge is the use of it in a specific situation

**integrate** *v* when you integrate one thing with another, or if one thing integrates with another, the two things become closely connected or form part of a whole or complete idea or system; you can also say that two things integrate

**immerse** *v* if you immerse yourself in something that you are doing, you become completely involved in it, focus all your effort and attention on it and pay little attention to anything else that is going on around you

**fellowship** *n* a fellowship at a university is a post in which research work is involved

**expertise** *n* special skill or knowledge that is acquired through training, study, or practice

**contingent** *n* a group of people that represent a country or organization at a meeting or event of some sort

**ordnance** *n* a term which refers to military supplies, especially weapons

**applause** *n* the noise made by a group of people clapping their hands to show their approval or appreciation of something or someone

**variable** *adj* something that is variable changes frequently, and there usually appears to be no fixed pattern to these changes

**array** *n* an array of different things or people is a large number or wide variety of them

**simulate** *v* if you simulate a set of conditions, you create them in an artificial environment; for example, in order to conduct a scientific experiment

**in essence** *expr* essentially, basically

**adapt** *v* if you adapt something, you alter it in some way to make it more suitable for a certain purpose or situation

**collapse** *v* if a building or other structure collapses, it falls down very suddenly and violently

**duct** *n* a pipe, tube, or channel which carries a liquid or gas

**deploy** *v* to deploy troops or military resources means to organize or position them so that they are ready to be called to action at short notice

**toss** *v* if you toss something somewhere, you throw it there lightly, often in a rather careless manner

**feature** *v* when something, such as a film or exhibition, features a particular person or thing, they are a significant part of it which may attract a lot of attention

**cadre** *n* a small group of people, specially chosen, trained, and organized in order to carry out a particular task or function

### Reading and Use of English, Part 8, p.156, 157

**rebel** *n* rebels are people who are engaged in armed conflict with their own country's army in order to change the political system which exists there

**transmitter** *n* a piece of equipment that is used to broadcast television or radio programmes

**predictable** *adj* if you say that an event is predictable, you mean that it is obvious in advance that it will happen or what the outcome will be

**era** *n* a period of history or a long period of time can be referred to as an era when you want to draw attention to a particular feature, characteristic or quality that is has

**scrupulous** *adj* someone who is scrupulous takes considerable care in order to ensure that they do what is fair, honest, or morally right

**exemplary** *adj* to describe someone or something as exemplary is to suggest that you think they are extremely good

**quintessential** *adj* representing or reflecting a perfect or typical example of something

**default** *adj* a default situation is what exists or happens unless someone or something changes it or intervenes to alter its course in some way

**impinge** *v* something that impinges on you impacts you to some extent

**quota** *n* a prescribed number or percentage that may serve as, for example, a maximum, a minimum, or a goal

**affirm** *v* if an event affirms something, it demonstrates that it is true, correct or that it exists

**wreck** *n* if you say that someone is a wreck, you mean that they appear very exhausted, worn out or unhealthy

**transparent** *adj* an object or substance that is transparent is one that you can see through

**wormhole** *n* a theoretical topological feature of space-time that is essentially a 'shortcut' through space and time

**spyhole** *n* a hole (in a door or an oven etc.) through which you can have a quick look at something, often secretly and quietly

**charge** *v* if you charge towards someone or something, you move in a quick and aggressive manner towards them

**headlong** *adv* if you rush headlong into something, you do it quickly without thinking carefully about the consequences

**pulp** *n* when an object is pressed into a pulp, it is crushed or beaten until it is soft, smooth, and wet

**jab** *v* if you jab one thing into another, you push it there with a quick, sudden movement requiring a substantial amount of force

**premise** *n* something that you suppose is true and that you use as a basis for the development of an idea or theory

**fault** *v* if you fault someone, you find reasons to criticize them or the things which they do

**intrigue** *v* if something, especially something strange, intrigues you, it interests you greatly and you want to find out more about it

**aplenty** *adv* if you have something aplenty, you have an abundance of it or quite a lot of it

**accessible** *adj* if you describe a book, painting, or other work of art as accessible, you imply that it is good in the sense that it is simple enough for ordinary people to understand and appreciate; it will appeal to all sorts of people without requiring of them a significant amount of knowledge of the particular field of art from which it comes

**thought-provoking** *adj* if something such as a book or a film is thought-provoking, it contains interesting ideas that make you think seriously and question certain things, ideas or beliefs

**lush** *adj* if you describe a place or thing as lush, you mean that it is very luxurious, or, in the case of an area of land, that it is full of healthy plants and grass

**erudite** *adj* if you describe someone as erudite, you mean that they possess or show great academic knowledge; you may also use erudite to describe something, such as a book or a style of writing, which is academic in nature

**prose** *n* ordinary written language, as opposed to poetry

**crumbling** *adj* if an old building or piece of land is crumbling, parts of it keep breaking off; if something is crumbling it is falling apart

**metropolis** *n* the largest, busiest, and most important city in a country or region

**dimension** *n* a particular dimension of something is a specific aspect of it

**visualise** *v* if you visualise something, you form a mental picture of it to imagine what it is like

**clutter** *v* if things or people clutter a place, they are said to fill it in an untidy or disorganized way

**gore** *n* blood from a wound that has thickened

**intimation** *n* an indirect suggestion or sign that something is likely to occur or be true

**ravishment** *n* the crime of forcing a woman to submit to sexual intercourse against her will

**scatter** *v* when you scatter things over an area, you throw or drop them so that they spread all around

**at odds with** *prep.phr* if someone is at odds with someone else, or if two people are at odds, they are in disagreement or conflict, or are quarrelling with each other

**cerebral** *adj* if you describe someone or something as cerebral, you imply that they are intellectual rather than emotional

**dissident** *adj* dissident people disagree with or criticize their government or a powerful organization to which they nevertheless belong

**round up** *phr.v* if you round up animals or things, you gather them together in one place

**sedate** *adj* when you describe someone or something as sedate, you imply that they are quiet and rather dignified, though perhaps a bit dull or boring personality-wise

**be intercut with** *adj* if a film is intercut with particular images, those images appear frequently all the way through the film

**gruesome** *adj* something which is said to be gruesome is extremely unpleasant and shocking

**tagline** *n* an often repeated phrase associated with an individual, organization, or commercial product; a slogan

**hammer** *v* if you say that someone hammers another person, you mean that they attack, criticize, or punish the other person in a very severe manner

**indiscriminately** *adv* in an unselective or random way which is not based on careful distinctions

**tap** *v* if you tap a resource or situation, you make use of it by getting from it something that you need or want or something which is of value

**lay** *adj* lay is used to describe people who are not experts or

professionals in a particular field or activity

**revelation** *n* a revelation is an unexpected or interesting fact that is revealed or made known to people

### **Listening, Part 1, p.159**

**forensic** *adj* the term forensic is used to describe the work of scientists who examine evidence in order to assist the police in the solving of crimes

**conviction** *n* when someone has a conviction it means they have been found guilty of (convicted of) a crime in a court of law

### **Listening, Part 2, p.160**

**lay sth bare** *phr* to lay something bare is to uncover it completely or reveal it entirely so that it can then be seen or better understood

**scanner** *n* a machine used to examine, identify, or record things, by using a beam of light, sound, or X-rays, for example

**ensure** *v* to ensure something, or to ensure that something happens is to make sure or certain that it does occur

### **Listening, Part 3, p.160**

**immortal** *adj* someone or something that is immortal is famous and will probably be remembered for a very long time to come

**tedious** *adj* to describe something, such as a job, task, or situation, as tedious is to say that it is boring and quite frustrating

**launch** *v* to launch a large and important activity is to begin it

**tackle** *v* to tackle a difficult problem or task is to deal with it in a very determined or efficient manner

**go against the grain** *phr* if you say that an idea or action goes against the grain, you mean that it is a difficult idea or action for you to accept or do because it is at odds with or in conflict with your previous ideas, beliefs, or principles

**offend** *v* to say or do something rude to somebody which either upsets, embarrasses or shocks them; to offend someone is to hurt their feelings

# TEST 8

## VOCABULARY EXERCISES

### Exercise A

Choose the correct option (a, b, c, d) which best fits each sentence.

- 1 The threat of war has ..... now that the two nations signed the treaty.  
 a instigated                      b dawned                      c amplified                      d diminished
- 2 The president called for understanding in his ..... address to the public.  
 a inaugural                      b breakneck                      c premature                      d belated

### Exercise B

Fill in the blanks in the following sentences using words from the box below. There are **two extra words** in the box you **do not** need to use. You **cannot change** the words.

unveil, declare, spur, reckon, concede, initiate

- 1 The police will soon ..... that the fugitive has been captured.  
 2 China is going to ..... trade with more developing nations in due time.  
 3 I honestly ..... that what you say is true.  
 4 I believe that he should ..... that he made a mistake.

### Exercise C

Fill in the definitions using words from the box below. There are **two extra words** in the box that you **do not** need to use.

margin, novelty, invigilator, curriculum, incongruity, contingent

- 1 ..... means someone who supervises the people who are taking an examination.  
 2 ..... means the subjects studied in a school, college, or university and what each subject includes.  
 3 ..... means the quality of being very different to other things and therefore appearing to be strange.  
 4 ..... means a group of people that represent a country or organization at a meeting or event of some sort.

### Exercise D

Fill in the charts with the derivatives of the given **adjectives**. Then provide one synonym and one antonym.

VERB	NOUN	ADJECTIVE	ADVERB	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
		comprehensive			
		variable			
		predictable			
		accessible			

### Exercise E

Write **4 sentences** using the following words: **narrow, invariable, unforeseen, unavailable**.  
 You must write one sentence for each of these words. Use between **6** and **16** words in each sentence.

- 1 \_\_\_\_\_  
 2 \_\_\_\_\_  
 3 \_\_\_\_\_  
 4 \_\_\_\_\_

## TEST 9

### Reading and Use of English, Part 1, p.162

**fibre** *n* a thin thread of a natural or artificial substance, in particular one that is used to make cloth or rope

**bark** *n* the tough material that covers the outside part of a tree or woody plant

**stem** *n* the stem of a plant is the thin, upright part on which the flowers and leaves grow

**utilisable** *adj* able to be used

**volume** *n* the amount of something

**plantation** *n* a large piece of land, especially in a tropical country, on which crops such as rubber, coffee, tea, or sugar are typically grown

**stationery** *adj* paper, envelopes, and other materials or equipment used for writing

**hectare** *n* a measurement of an area of land, equal to 10,000 square metres, or 2.471 acres

**wrap** *v* when you wrap something, you fold paper or cloth closely around it in order to cover it completely

**cord** *n* strong, thick string

**landfill** *n* a large deep hole in which great quantities of rubbish and waste are buried

**resin** *n* a sticky substance that is produced by some trees

**glucose** *n* a type of sugar that supplies you with energy

**vegetal** *adj* of, relating to, or characteristic of plants

**decompose** *v* when things such as dead plants or animals decompose, or something decomposes them, they change chemically and begin to decay and rot

**solid** *adj* a solid substance or object is one which keeps the same shape whether or not it is in a container

**component** *n* the components of something are the parts that it is comprised of

**detriment** *n* damage, harm, injury or loss

**fabric** *n* cloth or other material made by weaving together cotton, nylon, wool, silk, or other threads; fabrics are used in the making of things, such as clothes, curtains, and sheets

**derive from** *v* come from

### Reading and Use of English, Part 2, p.162

**limitation** *n* the largest amount of something that is possible or allowed

**conjure** *v* if you conjure something out of nothing, you make it appear or present itself in front of you as though by magic

**resurrect** *v* if you resurrect something, you cause it to come into existence or function again subsequent to its original disappearance or end

**enchanted** *adj* to be enchanted by someone or something is to have feelings of great delight or pleasure because of them

**bidding** *n* an authoritative direction, command or instruction to do something

**converse** *v* to converse with someone is to talk with them

**corporeal** *adj* involving or relating to the physical or real world rather than the spiritual world

**immortal** *adj* living forever; never dying

**sustain** *v* if you sustain something, you continue it, maintain it or preserve it for a period of time

**fabled** *adj* if you describe a person or thing as fabled, especially someone or something remarkable or noteworthy, you mean that they are well known because they are often discussed or a lot of stories are told about them or their deeds

**inevitable** *adj* bound or certain to happen and cannot be prevented, stopped or avoided

### Reading and Use of English, Part 3, p.163

**overtly** *adv* openly

**draw on** *phr.v* to draw on or draw upon something such as your skill or experience is to make good use of it in order to do or achieve something

**versus** *prep* versus is used to show that two figures, ideas, or choices are opposed to each other

**provision** *n* the act of giving something, providing it or making it available to people who require, desire or want it

**segregated** *adj* segregated buildings or areas are kept for the use of one group of people who are of the same race, sex, or religion; no other group is permitted to use them

**intent** *n* a person's intent is their intention or determination to do something

**holistic** *adj* based on the principles or doctrine of holism

**integrate** *v* if someone integrates into a social group, or is integrated into it, they conduct themselves in such a way that they become part of the group or are accepted into it

### Reading and Use of English, Part 5, p.164, 165

**sharp practice** *n* used to refer to an action or a way of behaving, especially in business or professional matters, which you believe is rather clever but dishonest

**gear up** *phr.v* if a person is gearing up for a particular activity, they are preparing to or making themselves ready to do it

**shuffle** *v* if you shuffle somewhere, you walk there without lifting your feet properly off the ground as you take each step

**issue** *v* if you issue a statement or a warning, you make it formally and publicly known

**nonchalantly** *adv* with no worry or care about or concern for things; in a relaxed and easy-going manner

**dodgy** *adj* to suggest that something is dodgy is to say that it appears rather risky, dangerous, or unreliable

**frown** *v* when someone frowns, their eyebrows become drawn together, due to the fact that they are annoyed, worried, or puzzled, or because they are deep in concentration

**wispy** *adj* if someone has wispy hair, their hair does not grow thickly on their head

**incongruous** *adj* strange or curious when considered together with other aspects or particulars of a situation

**impeccably** *adv* in a perfect manner with no faults

**groomed** *adj* groomed is used in expressions such as well groomed and badly groomed to say how neat, clean, and smart a person is in appearance

**badge** *n* any feature that is regarded as an indication or sign of a particular quality can be referred to as a badge

**sack** *v* if your employers sack you, they inform you that you can no longer work for them owing to the fact that you have done something that they did not approve of or because your work was not of the desired standard

**probation** *n* probation is a period of time during which someone is evaluating your character and ability while you work, so as to see if you are suitable for that particular type of work, and usually with a view to hiring you as a permanent employee

**ill-disguised** *adj* poorly hidden or badly concealed

**contempt** *n* to have contempt for someone or something is to have little or no respect for them or think that they are insignificant

**scam** *n* an illegal trick or con, usually carried out with the purpose of getting money from people or avoiding the payment of tax

**bay** *n* a partly enclosed area, inside or outside a building, used for a particular purpose

**suspend** *v* if you suspend something, you delay it or stop it from happening for a period of time or until a decision is made about it and whether it should continue or go ahead  
**deliberately** *adv* on purpose  
**mistimed** *adj* timed inaccurately, incorrectly or inappropriately  
**allegation** *n* a statement or claim saying that someone has done something wrong; an accusation of wrongdoing  
**disaffected** *adj* disaffected people no longer put their full support behind something, such as an organization or political ideal, which they used to support  
**contractor** *n* a person or company that carries out work for other people or organizations  
**bear grudge against** *expr* to have or bear a grudge against someone is to have unfriendly or bitter feelings towards them because of something they did at some time in the past  
**falsify** *v* to falsify something is to alter it or add untrue details to it with a view to deceiving people  
**at stake** *prep.phr* if something is at stake, it is being risked and might be lost or damaged if you are not successful in what you set out to do; at risk; in danger  
**enforcement** *n* if someone carries out the enforcement of an act or rule, they ensure that it is enforced  
**reflect** *v* when you reflect on something, you think deeply about it  
**pounce** *v* if someone pounces on you, they come up towards you suddenly and unexpectedly and take hold of you  
**coffer** *n* the coffers of an organization comprise the money that it has to spend, imagined as being collected or gathered together in one place  
**swell** *v* if the amount or size of something swells or if something swells it, it becomes larger in amount or size than it was previously  
**clamp** *v* to clamp a car means to attach a clamp to one of its wheels to prevent it from being driven away  
**borough** *n* a town, or a district within a large town, and one that has its own local council  
**regulate** *v* to regulate an activity or process is to control it, especially by means of rules or laws  
**expeditious** *adj* expeditious means quick, effective and efficient  
**vehicular** *adj* vehicular is a term used to describe something which has to do with vehicles and traffic  
**tolerance** *n* the quality of allowing other people to say or do as they please, even though you may not agree with or approve of what they are saying or doing  
**allege** *v* to allege that something bad is true is to say or claim it but without any concrete proof  
**corruption** *n* dishonest and illegal behaviour by people in a position of authority or power  
**fixated** *adj* if you accuse someone of being fixated on a particular thing, you suggest that they think about it to an extreme or excessive degree; they think about it too much  
**rabbit-hutch** *n* a pen or coop for housing rabbits  
**fraud** *n* the crime of gaining money or financial benefits through a trick or con or by lying or deceiving people  
**absurd** *adj* to say that something is absurd is to criticize it owing to the fact that you think that it is ridiculous or that it does not make any sense  
**revenue** *n* money that a company, organization, or government generates or receives from people  
**wearily** *adv* in a tired way  
**covert** *adj* covert activities or situations are secret or hidden from the public  
**blatant** *adj* blatant is used to describe something bad that is

done in an open or very obvious manner  
**deceitful** *adj* if you say that someone is deceitful, you suggest that they behave in a dishonest way by encouraging other people to believe something that is not true  
**pose** *v* if something poses a problem or a danger, it is the cause of that problem or danger, or it represents a potential problem or danger

### Reading and Use of English, Part 6, p.166, 167

**beat about the bush** *expr* to discuss a matter without coming to the point; to avoid talking about what is important  
**rawness** *n* (for a piece of writing, a play, etc.) when you do not try to hide things  
**humanity** *n* understanding and kindness towards other people  
**slickness** *n* the situation in which something is very attractive to look at, but may not have much real meaning or any important ideas  
**rough edges** *expr* if a performance has rough edges, some parts of it are not very good quality  
**give someone a fit of the vapours** *expr* (very informal) to make someone very angry; to shock them  
**treacherous** *adj* very dangerous because the danger is not obvious  
**gritty** *adj* showing life as it is, even when it is not pleasant  
**bigotry** *n* the practice of having very strong and unreasonable opinions, especially about politics, race, or religion and refusing to consider other people's opinions or ideas  
**grainy** *adj* if photographs or films are grainy, they are not very clear because you can see the black and white or coloured dots that make up the image  
**newsreel** *n* a short film that shows news reports, especially one that was made in the past for showing in the cinema  
**footage** *n* part of a cinema or television film recording a particular event  
**nationalisation** *n* the situation in which the government takes control of a business, an industry, etc.  
**tutu** *n* a short skirt made of stiff cloth that a female dancer wears  
**savage** *adj* hostile, unpleasant or extremely severe  
**concoct** *v* create or devise (a story or a plan)  
**tear duct** *n* a passage through which tears pass to the eye and from the eye to the nose  
**attest** *v* to prove that something is true  
**celluloid** *n* the cinema generally  
**precursor** *n* something that happened or existed before another thing  
**rags-to-riches** *expr* used to describe a situation in which someone who has been very poor becomes very rich

### Reading and Use of English, Part 7, p.168, 169

**wheeze** *v* if someone wheezes, they breathe with some difficulty while making a sort of whistling sound  
**sprightly** *adj* a sprightly person, in particular an old person, is one who is very lively and active (for their age, considering their situation, or in general)  
**slicked** *adj* made smooth through the application of a sticky or glossy substance  
**crease** *n* lines that are made in cloth or paper when it is crushed or folded  
**wrestle** *v* to wrestle a person or thing somewhere is to physically move them there using a significant amount of force  
**wax** *n* a solid, slightly shiny substance made of fat or oil, used in the making of candles and polish, and which melts quickly when it is heated

**fuse** *v* when things fuse or are fused, they connect together physically or chemically, normally to become one thing; you can also say that one thing fuses with another

**porous** *adj* something that has many small holes in it, which allows for the passage of water and air through it

**clay** *n* a type of earth that is soft when it is wet and hard when it is dry, and which is often used in the making of things such as pots and bricks

**grunt** *n* a low sound a person makes especially when they are annoyed or disinterested

**clench** *v* when you clench your teeth or they clench, you squeeze your teeth together in a very firm manner, typically because you are annoyed, angry or upset

**bead** *n* a small drop of liquid or moisture

**lever** *v* to lever something in a particular direction is to move it there, particularly in a way that requires a lot of effort

**blade** *n* the blade of a knife, axe, or saw is the sharp edge; the one which is used for cutting

**mallet** *n* a wooden or rubber hammer with a square head

**abruptly** *adv* suddenly

**audible** *adj* a sound that is audible is sufficiently loud to be heard

**lunge** *v* to lunge in a particular direction is to move in that direction suddenly and rather clumsily or awkwardly

**curve** *n* a curve is a smooth, gradually bending line such as part of the edge of a circle

**mutter** *v* to utter sounds or words in a way that is not clear, or with a low voice and with the mouth partly closed

**vinegar** *n* a sharp-tasting liquid, typically made from sour wine or malt, which is used in the making of things such as salad dressing

**lop-sided** *adj* something that is lopsided is uneven due to the fact that one side is lower or heavier than the other

**wreckage** *n* when something such as a plane, car, or building has been partially destroyed, the remains of the plane, car or building can be referred to as wreckage or the wreckage

**flick** *v* to flick something away, or off something else, is to remove it with a sudden movement of your hand or finger

**ineffectually** *adv* in a manner which fails to produce the proper or intended effect

**sodden** *adj* something that is described as sodden is extremely wet

**pickle** *v* to pickle food is to keep it in vinegar or salt water so that it does not go bad (food that has been pickled acquires a strong, sharp taste)

**rancid** *adj* if butter, bacon, or other oily foods are rancid, they have gone bad, often produce a displeasing smell, and taste old and unpleasant

**fabric** *n* cloth or other material made by weaving together cotton, nylon, wool, silk, or other threads; fabrics are used in the making of things such as clothes, curtains, and sheets

**tatter** *n* if clothes are in tatters, they are badly torn in several different places, and as a result pieces can easily come off

**perplexed** *adj* to be perplexed is to feel confused and slightly worried by something because you do not fully understand it

**chastise** *v* if you chastise someone, you speak to them in an angry manner or punish them for some bad thing that they have done

**incredulity** *n* if someone reacts with incredulity to something, they cannot believe it due to the fact that it is so surprising or shocking in nature

**blankly** *adv* if you look blankly, your face appears to show no sign of feeling, understanding, or interest

**purr** *v* when a cat purrs, it makes a low vibrating sound with its

throat due to the fact that it is pleased

**eagerness** *n* impatient desire to, or interest in, doing something

**glisten** *v* something which glistens shines, usually owing to the fact that it is wet or oily

**puddle** *n* a small, shallow pool of liquid that has spread along the ground

**initially** *adv* soon after the beginning of a process or situation; at the start

**register** *v* when you register your feelings or opinions about something, you do something which makes them clearly known to other people

**earthenware** *n* earthenware bowls, pots, or other objects are made of clay which has been baked in such a way that it has become very hard

**copious** *adj* a copious amount of something is a very large amount or quantity of it

**wheel (around)** *v* to wheel around is to turn around suddenly in the place where you are standing, often owing to the fact that you are surprised, shocked, upset or angry

**soaking** *adj* very wet

**ashen** *adj* someone who is ashen looks very pale, typically owing to the fact that they are ill, shocked, or scared

**grit one's teeth** *expr* to make up your mind to carry on even if the situation you find yourself in or the task you are doing is very difficult and requires a lot of effort

**glee** *n* a feeling of happiness and excitement, often caused by or the result of the misfortune of another person

**tumultuously** *adv* in a noisy, frantic or excited way

**dread** *v* if you dread something which may happen, you feel extremely anxious and unhappy about the prospect of it happening because you think it will be unpleasant or upsetting in some way

**appease** *v* if you try to appease someone, you try to prevent them from being angry or upset by giving them the thing that it is they want

**impatience** *n* not being able to wait for something; wanting to have or do something immediately

**rim** *n* the edge that goes all the way round the top of a container such as a cup or glass

**precise** *adj* exact and accurate in all its details

### Reading and Use of English, Part 8, p.170, 171

**span** *v* if something spans a long period of time, it lasts or endures throughout that period of time or relates to that period of time in its entirety

**dully** *adv* in a way that is neither interesting nor exciting

**adaptation** *n* an adaptation of a book or play is a film or a television programme that has been based on it or is an interpretation of it

**prejudice** *n* an unreasonable and unfair dislike of a particular group of people or things, or a clear preference for one group of people or things over another

**snag** *v* if you snag part of your clothing on a sharp or rough object or if it snags, it gets caught on the object and tears or rips

**nomination** *n* an official suggestion that someone or something should be the recipient of an award

**the pond** *n* (humorous) The Atlantic Ocean

**derive** *v* to derive something such as pleasure or benefit from a person or from something is to get it from them

**tribute** *n* something that you say, do, or make to demonstrate your admiration and respect for someone

**gorgeous** *adj* if you say that something is gorgeous, you mean that it looks very attractive and pleasing to the eye, or that it

gives you a lot of pleasure

**tweed-donning** *adj* dressed with nubby woolen fabric made in any of various twill weaves and used primarily for casual suits and coats

**doofus** *n* an incompetent, foolish, or stupid person

**flick** *n* a film; a movie

**slapstick** *n* a simple type of comedy in which the actors or comedians act in a rough and foolish manner

**shtick** *n* a series of funny or entertaining things that an entertainer says or does

**gag** *n* a gag is a joke

**mincer** *n* a machine that cuts meat into very small pieces by forcing it to pass through very small holes

**slather** *v* to spread something in a thick or lavish manner

**contamination** *n* the process of corrupting or infecting something such as water or food

**patty** *n* a small, round meat pie

**plight** *n* if you refer to someone's plight, you suggest that they are in a problematic, troublesome or distressing situation that is full of difficulties

**mishmash** *n* if you say that something is a mishmash, you are criticizing it because it is a very confusing mixture of various different types of things that don't form a cohesive or consistent whole

**speechify** *v* make speeches, especially due to the fact that you want to appear important

**sniper** *n* a person who targets and shoots at people from a hidden position

**assassinate** *v* murder someone important, such as the president of a country as a political act

**hackneyed** *adj* if you describe something such as a saying or an image as hackneyed, you suggest that you believe it is no longer likely to be of interest to, or to amuse or affect, people because it has been used, seen, or heard repeatedly in the past

**intellectual** *n* someone who spends a lot of time studying and thinking about complicated ideas

**overstate** *v* to say that someone is overstating something is to suggest that they are describing it in a way that makes it seem more significant or serious than is really the case

**apparently** *adv* you use apparently to indicate that the information you are giving is something that you have heard from another source, but you are not completely certain that it is true

**neat** *adj* (informal) very good; a neat idea is a very good idea

**monsoon** *n* the season in Southern Asia when there is a significant amount of very heavy rain

**poignant** *adj* something that is poignant affects you deeply and causes you to feel sadness or regret

**saga** *n* a long story or account of something or some sequence of events

**erstwhile** *adj* you use erstwhile to suggest that someone was once the type of person described, but no longer is

**put bums on seats** *expr* if the organizers of an event, such as a concert, want to put bums on seats, they want to attract a large attendance

**resonate** *v* you say that something resonates when it has a very special meaning or when it is particularly important to someone or some group of people

**aspiring** *adj* if you use aspiring to describe someone who is starting out in a particular career, you mean that they are trying to make a success of themselves in that particular career or field

**glean** *v* if you glean something, such as information or knowledge, you learn or gather it in a slow and patient manner, and

perhaps indirectly

**bewigged** *adj* wearing a covering of false hair on your head; for example, owing to the fact that you have little hair of your own or because you want to cover up your own hair or have a certain hairstyle that your own hair cannot be styled into  
**re-enactment** *n* when a re-enactment of a scene or incident takes place, people re-enact it; people repeat the actions which occurred during that event, scene or incident  
**fusty** *adj* if you describe something or someone as fusty, you show your disapproval of them owing to the fact that they are old-fashioned in attitudes, ideas or beliefs

### Listening, Part 1, p.173

**sacrifice** *v* if you sacrifice something that is valuable or important, you give it up or surrender it, usually in order to get something else for yourself or for other people

**obligation** *n* if you have an obligation to do something, it is your duty or responsibility to do that thing

### Listening, Part 2, p.174

**pasture** *n* pasture is land on which grass for farm animals to eat is growing

**handlebar** *n* the handlebar or handlebars of a bicycle consist of a curved metal bar with handles at each end which are used for steering

### Listening, Part 3, p.174

**setback** *n* an event that delays or slows your progress or reverses some of the progress that you have already made

**incident** *n* something which happens (that is often of an unpleasant nature)

# TEST 9

## VOCABULARY EXERCISES

### Exercise A

Choose the correct option (a, b, c, d) which best fits each sentence.

- 1 My mum used to work in a coffee ..... to make ends meet.  
 a bark                      b stem                      c plantation                      d fibre
- 2 After so many years in politics, he has ..... his fierce social conscience.  
 a derived                      b conjured                      c resurrected                      d sustained

### Exercise B

Fill in the blanks in the following sentences using words from the box below. There are **two extra words** in the box you **do not** need to use. You **cannot change** the words

**integrate, shuffle, sack, reflect, attest, mutter**

- 1 People saw him sitting alone and heard him ..... to himself.
- 2 His tactics ..... his desire for power.
- 3 The factory is going to ..... any employees that are considered unnecessary.
- 4 The new report will ..... the findings of previous studies.

### Exercise C

Fill in the definitions using words from the box below. There are **two extra words** in the box that you **do not** need to use.

**detriment, provision, intent, contempt, allegation, revenue**

- 1 ..... means a person's intention or determination to do something.
- 2 ..... means the act of giving something, providing it or making it available to people who require, desire or want it.
- 3 ..... means little or no respect for somebody; thinking somebody is insignificant.
- 4 ..... means a statement or claim saying that someone has done something wrong; an accusation of wrongdoing.

### Exercise D

Fill in the charts with the derivatives of the given **adjectives**. Then provide one synonym and one antonym.

VERB	NOUN	ADJECTIVE	ADVERB	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
		<b>utilizable</b>			
		<b>segregated</b>			
		<b>disaffected</b>			
		<b>perplexed</b>			

### Exercise E

Write **4 sentences** using the following words: **dysfunctional, integrated, loyal, aware**.  
 You must write one sentence for each of these words. Use between **6** and **16** words in each sentence.

- 1 \_\_\_\_\_
- 2 \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 \_\_\_\_\_

## TEST 10

### Reading and Use of English, Part 1, p.176

**at close quarters** *expr* to do something at close quarters is to do it very near or in close proximity to a particular person or thing

**subsequent** *adj* subsequent is used to describe something which occurred or existed after the time or event that has just been referred to

**mushroom** *v* if something such as an industry or a place mushrooms, it grows in terms of size, popularity or level of success or comes into existence very quickly

**breach** *v* if someone or something breaches a barrier, they create an opening in it, normally leaving it weakened and vulnerable or destroyed

**proximity** *n* proximity to a place or person is nearness to that place or person

**conclude** *v* if you conclude that something is true, you decide that it is true based on all the relevant facts and knowledge you have at your disposal at the time of making the decision

**infrastructure** *n* the infrastructure of a country, society, or organization comprises the basic and essential facilities, such as transport, communications, power supplies, and buildings, which allow it to function

**five-fold** *adj* -fold combines with numbers to form adjectives which say how much an amount or quantity has increased by

**destine** *v* to determine beforehand; preordain; to determine the outcome of an event before it has happened

**assuage** *v* to assuage a need or desire for something is to satisfy or fulfil it

### Reading and Use of English, Part 2, p.176

**literary** *adj* of, relating to, or dealing with literature

**dwarf** *n* an extremely short person

**Count** *n* a nobleman in some European countries

**hermit** *n* a person who has withdrawn from society and lives a solitary and isolated existence; a recluse

**courtesy** *n* politeness, respect shown towards and consideration for others

**amir** *n* a prince, chieftain, or governor, especially in the Middle East

**feat** *n* a notable act, achievement or deed, particularly an act of courage or bravery; an exploit

**pardon** *n* the exemption of or the granting of immunity to a convicted person from the penalties of an offence or crime by the authority of the executor of the laws

**inflict** *v* to deal or mete out (something punishing, painful or burdensome); to impose a punishment, pain or burden on someone or something

**ambush** *n* a surprise attack on someone by people who have planned their attack in advance and hidden in a specific place, and waited for the victim to arrive there

**courtly** *adj* you use courtly to describe someone whose behaviour is very polite and dignified, often in a rather old-fashioned way

**shred** *n* a small amount, a particle

**virtuous** *adj* a virtuous person acts in a moral and correct, or noble, way

### Reading and Use of English, Part 3, p.177

**rationale** *n* the rationale for a course of action, practice, or belief is the set of reasons which it is based on

**cite** *v* if you cite something, you quote it or mention it, espe-

cially as an example or proof of, or to support, what you are saying

**acute** *adj* an acute illness is one that becomes severe very rapidly but does not last for an extended period of time

**implement** *v* if you implement something, such as a plan, you make sure that what has been planned is carried out

**legislator** *n* a person who is involved in the making or passing of laws

**inhale** *v* to inhale something such as smoke is to take it into your lungs when you breathe in

**adopt** *v* if you adopt a new attitude, plan, or way of behaving, you start to follow, do or exhibit it

**semiconductor** *n* a substance used in electronics whose ability to conduct electricity increases the greater the temperature

**precision** *n* if you do something with precision, you do it in an exact manner just as it should be done

**potentially** *adv* if something could potentially happen, there is a (strong) possibility that it might happen

**ventilation** *n* the replacement of stale or noxious air with fresh and clean air

### Reading and Use of English, Part 5, p.178, 179

**exaggerated** *adj* something that is exaggerated is or appears to be larger, better, worse, or more important than it really needs to be

**dexterous** *adj* a person who is dexterous is very skilful, talented and clever with their hands

**uncannily** *adv* in a strange or curious way that is difficult to explain

**eerily** *adv* in a strange and frightening way that causes you to feel anxious

**tuxedo** *n* a black or white jacket worn by men for formal social occasions

**potbellied** *adj* someone, usually a man, who is pot-bellied has a round, fat stomach which sticks out, either because they eat or drink too much, or because they have had very little to eat for some time and are consequently malnourished

**offspring** *n* a person's children or an animal's young may be referred to as their offspring

**cognitive** *adj* connected with the mental process involved in knowing, learning, and understanding things

**sprinkle** *v* if you sprinkle a thing with something, such as a liquid or powder, you scatter the liquid or powder on top of it

**genome** *n* in biology and genetics, a genome is the particular number and combination of certain chromosomes that is required to form the single nucleus of a living cell

**profoundly** *adv* in a very great, deep or intense manner

**encode** *v* if you encode a message or some information, you put it into a code or express it in a different form or system of language so that it can only be understood by the intended recipient

**minute** *adj* if you say that something is minute, you say that it is very small or insignificant

**fraction** *n* a tiny amount or proportion of something is a fraction of it

**nucleus** *n* the central part of an atom or cell

**endow** *v* if you endow something with a particular feature, characteristic or quality, you provide or supply it with that feature, characteristic or quality

**delve (into)** *v* to search deeply and laboriously in an effort to discover something

**unravel** *v* if you unravel a mystery or puzzle, or if it unravels, it slowly becomes clearer, which enables you to work out the answer or solution to it

**susceptibility** *n* if you have a susceptibility to something unpleasant, it is more likely to affect you  
**malaria** *n* a serious disease carried and spread by mosquitoes which causes bouts of fever  
**afflict** *v* if you are afflicted by pain, illness, or disaster, it affects you badly and causes you suffering  
**sequence** *v* to organize or arrange in a connected or continuous series  
**molecular** *adj* molecular means connected with or involving molecules  
**against all odds** *phr* if something happens against all odds, it happens or succeeds although it seemed very unlikely to happen or succeed  
**primate** *n* a member of the group of mammals which includes humans, monkeys, and apes  
**superficial** *adj* to describe something, such as an action, feeling, or relationship, as superficial is to suggest that it includes only the simplest and most obvious aspects of that thing, and not those aspects which require more effort to grasp, understand or cope with  
**tedious** *adj* something, such as a job, task, or situation, which is described as tedious is boring and rather frustrating  
**solely** *adv* if something involves solely one thing, nothing else is involved; it involves only this thing and no others  
**multi-faceted** *adj* possessing a variety of different and important features, characteristics or elements

#### Reading and Use of English, Part 6, p.180, 181

**giddy** *adj* unsteady, having a tendency to fall; feeling dizzy  
**swoop** *v* to move very quickly and easily through the air  
**headlong** *adj* with great speed or without thinking  
**ardour** *n* great enthusiasm or love  
**unduly** *adv* to a greater degree than is reasonable or necessary  
**harlot** *n* (old) prostitute  
**depleted** *adj* having fewer people than usual or before

#### Reading and Use of English, Part 7, p.182, 183

**polish** *v* if you polish something, you put polish on it or rub it with a cloth to give it a shine  
**freight bay** *n* a partly enclosed area, inside or outside a building, used for goods that are transported by lorries, trains, ships, or aeroplanes  
**squeak** *v* if something or someone squeaks, they let out a short, high-pitched sound  
**suspend** *v* if something is suspended from a high place, it has been hung from that place  
**steepening** *adj* if a slope or an angle steepens, it becomes steeper, more sheer or vertical  
**stale** *adj* stale air is unpleasant because it is not fresh  
**dump** *v* when you dump something somewhere, you put it or unload it there quickly and in a careless manner  
**shiver** *v* when you shiver, your body shakes a little owing to the fact that you are cold or scared  
**ration** *n* rations are the food which is given to people who do not have a sufficient supply of food of their own or to soldiers  
**awed** *adj* if you are awed by someone or something, you feel respectful towards and amazed by them, though often rather frightened as well  
**chamber** *n* a room designed and equipped for a particular purpose  
**hint (at)** *v* to give a clue or suggestion; to aid in the understanding of something  
**shuttle** *n* a plane, bus, or train which undertakes regular journeys between two places

**elevate** *v* to elevate something is to raise it above a horizontal level  
**cuff** *n* the parts of a shirt or dress at the ends of the sleeves in contact with the wearer's wrists, which are thicker than the rest of the sleeve  
**vibrate** *v* if something vibrates or if you vibrate it, it shakes with repeated small, rapid movements  
**cramped** *adj* a cramped room or building is not sufficiently big for the people or things which are in it  
**hull** *n* the hull of a boat or tank is the main body or section of it  
**gristle** *n* a tough, rubbery substance found in meat, particularly in meat of poor quality, which is not very pleasant to eat  
**fiddle with** *v* if you fiddle with an object, you keep moving it around or touching it with your fingers, often out of nervousness or boredom  
**buckle** *n* a piece of metal or plastic attached to one end of a belt or strap, used in order to fasten it  
**intricate** *adj* intricate describes something that has many small parts or details  
**damned** *adj* damned is used by some people as a way to emphasize or highlight what they are saying  
**hesitation** *n* the act of holding oneself back from doing something in doubt or indecision  
**cockpit** *n* in an aeroplane or racing car, the cockpit is the section in which the pilot or driver sits  
**vent** *v* to act as a hole in something through which air can come in and smoke, gas, fumes or smells can escape; if a person vents their frustration or some other feeling or emotion, they express it  
**whine** *n* a long, high-pitched noise, particularly one which sounds sad or unpleasant  
**angular** *adj* angular things have shapes that seem to contain a lot of straight lines and sharp points; things which have a lot of angles  
**illicit** *adj* an illicit activity or substance is not permitted by law or the social customs of a country; an illegal activity or substance  
**ensue** *v* if something ensues, it happens or occurs immediately after another event, usually as a consequence of it  
**eclipse** *v* if one thing is eclipsed by a second thing that is bigger, newer, or more important than it, the first thing is no longer apparent or given much notice owing to the fact that the second thing receives all the attention  
**ordeal** *n* if you describe an experience or situation as an ordeal, you think it is difficult, disagreeable and unpleasant  
**utter** *adj* utter is used to stress that something is great in extent, degree, or amount  
**nursery** *n* a room in a family home in which the young children of the family sleep, rest or play  
**save for** *prep.phr.* you can use save in order to introduce or highlight the only things, people, or ideas to which your main statement or claim does not apply; except; other than  
**rasp** *n* a harsh, unpleasant sound made by something which rubs against a hard or rough surface  
**commence** *v* when something commences or you commence it, it begins  
**glide** *v* if you glide somewhere, you move quietly and in a smooth and effortless manner  
**infallible** *adj* if a person or thing is infallible, they are never wrong or never make a mistake  
**jolt** *v* if something jolts or if something jolts it, it is caused to move quite suddenly and violently  
**precariously** *adv* in an uncertain way  
**sneak** *v* if you sneak somewhere, you go there very quietly on

foot, trying to avoid being detected or heard

**distorted** *adj* if something you can see or hear is distorted or distorts, its appearance or sound is changed or altered so that it appears unclear or difficult to make out

**creep** *v* when people or animals creep somewhere, they move there very quietly and slowly

**illusion** *n* an illusion is an idea or belief that is false

### Reading and Use of English, Part 8, p.184, 185

**league** *n* a group of teams that play the same sport or activity competing against each other

**zeal** *n* great enthusiasm or passion for something, especially in relation to work, religion, or politics

**overwhelming** *adj* if something is overwhelming, it affects or impacts on you very strongly, and you are not sure how to cope with it

**strip** *v* to take something off (usually clothes), or to take something away from someone

**extra-curricular** *adj* extra-curricular activities are activities for students that are not a requirement of their course and are usually conducted outside of course time

**devastated** *adj* if you are devastated by something, it has shocked or upset you greatly

**twist** *v* if you twist something, especially a part of your body, or if it twists, it moves or contorts into an unusual, uncomfortable, or bent position, for example because of being hit or pushed, or as a result of extreme sadness or some other intense emotion

**perks** *n* (plural) perks are special benefits given to people who have a particular job or who are part of a particular group

**recruit** *v* to recruit people for an organization is to select them and persuade them to join or work for it

**testament** *n* if one thing is a testament to another, it indicates that the other thing exists or is true; it supports the existence or truth of the other thing

### Listening, Part 1, p.187

**rave about** *phr.v* to rave about something is to speak or write about it with great praise or enthusiasm

**elaborate** *adj* elaborate is used to describe something that is very complex owing to the fact that it has a lot of different parts

**night shift** *n* a group of employees who work during the night in a factory or for a business

**schedule** *n* a schedule is a plan that gives a list of events or tasks and the times at which they should happen or be carried out

### Listening, Part 2, p.188

**maximise** *v* to maximise something is to make it as great in amount or importance as you possibly can

**corporate** *adj* corporate means connected with business corporations or to a particular business corporation

**release** *n* something issued for sale or for public showing

**freelancer** *n* someone who does freelance work; someone who is not employed by any one organization, but who frequently contributes their work to several, and is paid by the job

### Listening, Part 3, p.188

**ultimately** *adv* finally; after a long and often complicated series of events; in the end

**superstition** *n* belief in things which the vast majority of people would regard as imaginary or impossible, for example magic

**upbringing** *n* your upbringing is the way that your parents treat you, the values they instil in you and the things that they teach you while you are growing up

### Listening, Part 4, p.189

**commercial** *adj* involving or connected with the buying and selling of goods

**disrespect** *n* if someone shows disrespect, they speak or act in a way that shows they lack respect for a person, law or custom, or think it is unimportant

**foul** *adj* to describe something as foul is to say it is dirty and smells or tastes unpleasant

**authority** *n* the right to command and control other people

# TEST 10

## VOCABULARY EXERCISES

### Exercise A

Choose the correct option (a, b, c, d) which best fits each sentence.

1 She came up with a(n) ..... scheme to get the money.  
 a acute            b dexterous        c elaborate        d exaggerated

2 He is a gentleman who behaves with the utmost ..... towards ladies.  
 a courtesy        b ardour            c ordeal            d zeal

### Exercise B

Fill in the blanks in the following sentences using words from the box below. There are **two extra words** in the box you **do not** need to use. You **cannot change** the words.

**breached, inflicted, implemented, encoded, suspended, ensued**

- 1 The storm ..... widespread damage throughout the country.
- 2 The government promised that a new tax system will be .....
- 3 The sender used a secret key to ..... the message.
- 4 The man was accused that he had ..... secrecy laws.

### Exercise C

Fill in the definitions using words from the box below. There are **two extra words** in the box that you **do not** need to use.

**rationale, precision, susceptibility, hesitation, buckle, authority**

- 1 ..... means being more likely to be affected by something.
- 2 ..... means the set of reasons on which something is based.
- 3 ..... means the right to command and control other people.
- 4 ..... means a great deal of care when doing something.

### Exercise D

Fill in the charts with the derivatives of the given **adjectives**. Then provide one synonym and one antonym.

VERB	NOUN	ADJECTIVE	ADVERB	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
		<b>distorted</b>			
		<b>elaborate</b>			
		<b>devastated</b>			
		<b>exaggerated</b>			

### Exercise E

Write **4 sentences** using the following words: **straight, plain, peaceful, realistic**.  
 You must write one sentence for each of these words. Use between **6** and **16** words in each sentence.

- 1 \_\_\_\_\_
- 2 \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 \_\_\_\_\_